CYCLES
All British Made
Prices on request.
WELLINGTON CYCLE
AND MOTOR CO.
Fort, Bombay
and Poona.

The Bombay Chronicle

CYCLES
All British Made
Prices on request.
WELLINGTON CYCLE
AND MOTOR Co.
Fort, Bombay
and Poona.

EDITED BY
S. S. HORNIMAN, 1913—19

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1918

CONDUCTED BY
MARMADUKE PICKTHALL & SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI

VOL: X. NO: 41 BOMBAY FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1922. TWO ANNAS

The Bombay Chronicle

Business Notice.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS intended for publication in the "Bombay Chronicle" must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. In preparing MS. for the Press, correspondents are requested to write on one side of the paper only, and to address their communications to the EDITOR, and not to any member of the staff by name. Attention to this rule will save much inconvenience and delay.

In the absence of express agreement to the contrary the copyright of all literary or other contributions published in the "Bombay Chronicle" vests in the Proprietors of the journal.

The Editor cannot undertake to return rejected communications unless a stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed for the purpose.

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.,) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the Office not later than 5 p.m.

ALL REMITTANCES should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" and Cheques crossed.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS whose copies of the "Bombay Chronicle" are delayed in delivery will facilitate enquiry into the cause of the irregularity by noting the date of the paper on the wrapper, and sending it to the Manager.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY EDITION.

	Local.	Mofussil.
YEARLY	Rs. 30	Rs. 35
HALF-YEARLY	„ 16	„ 18
QUARTERLY	„ 8	„ 9
MONTHLY	„ 3	„ 3-8

Single Copy Two Annas.

SUNDAY EDITION.

YEARLY ..... Rs. 5 Rs. 6

PAYMENT STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.

BANKERS.

NEDERLANDSCHE HANDEL-MAATSCHAPPIJ.

Incorporated in Holland.
Established by Royal Charter 1824.
FULLY PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... F. 80,000,000 £6,666,666
RESERVE FUND ... F. 59,139,249 £4,928,274
HEAD OFFICE AT AMSTERDAM (Holland).
Agencies at ROTTERDAM and THE HAGUE
Head Agency at BATAVIA.
BRANCHES:

DUTCH EAST INDIES:
Bandjermasin, Bandoeng, Cheribon, Djember, Djocja, Kota Radja, Langsa, Macassar, Medan, Padang, Palembang, Pekalongan, Pontianak, Semarang, Soerabaia, Solo, Tebing Tinggi (Delhi), Tegal, Telok-Betong, Tjilatjap, Weltevreden

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.—Singapore, Penang.
BRITISH INDIA.—Calcutta, Bombay, Rangoon.
JAPAN.—Kobe.
CHINA.—Shanghai, Hongkong.
LONDON BANKERS.—National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest showed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balance up to Rs. 1,00,000. If the accrued interest for six months does not amount to Rs. 10 no interest will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed on terms to be ascertained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT DRAFTS issued on the above Agencies, the principal Continental places, South Africa, America and Australia.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Bombay Office:—Hornby House, Hornby Road.

D. J. B. VAN LEEUWEN,
Actg. Agents.

SHIPPING.

N. Y. K. LINE.

(NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.)
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer	Captain	Tons,	Arrival	Departure
Wakasa Maru	B. Tsuda	8137	23rd Feb	11th March
Tokushima Maru	J. Shibutami	6968	2nd Mar	17th Mar
TsurugaMaru	Y Masuzumi	6988	13th Mar	26Mar

For freight and passage apply to
K. AKIYAMA,
Manager.
Hornby Road, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA
(Companies Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE

P. & O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All Passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date	Steamers.	Tons.
1922		
18th Feb,	MACEDONIA	10,512
25th Feb,	MOREA	10,890
4th Mar,	MALWA	10,941
11th Mar,	KARMALA	8,983
18th Mar,	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,430
25th Mar,	CHINA	7,952
1st April.	NARKUNDA	16,118
8th „	CALEDONIA	7,572
15th „	EGYPT	7,941
22nd „	MACEDONIA	10,515
29th „	MANTUA	10,902
6th May	MOREA	10,890
13th „	ASSAYE	7,346
20th „	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,430
27th „	NALDERA	15,826

MALWA, NARKUNDA, MANTUA, NALDERA } Through steamers from Australia.

The P. and O. Marseilles Special Train leaves Marseilles for London, via Boulogne shortly after the mail steamer's arrival.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH.

Date About	Steamer.	Tons.
1922		
23rd Feb.	DOMALA	8,200
9th Mar.	NIRVANA	6,021
23rd Mar,	MANDALA	8,246
6 th April	NEVASA	9,071
18thMay	MASHOBRA	8,288
1st June	MANELA	8,30

SAILINGS FOR CHINA.

22nd February	SICILIA	Calls at Colombo, Singapore, Hongkong & Shanghai.

SAILINGS TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Date	Steamers	
1922		
24th Feb.	MANTUA	Call at Colombo, Fremantle, Adelaide, Melbourne and Sydney.
24th March	NALDERA	
5th May	MALWA	

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date about	Steamers.	Destination.
20th Feb.	LHASA	Karachi Coasting
16th „	BARALA	Karachi & P. Gulf
17th „	LINGA	Karachi direct
17th „	VARELA	Busreh direct
22nd „	KARAGOLA	E. & S. Africa
Early Mar.	A Steamer	Australian Ports.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passages by P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.
P. O. Box 128.

NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANT MARINE, LTD., AND B. I. S. N. CO.'S JOINT SERVICE.

CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT.

Terms Rates of Freight and Passages may be arranged with:—
MACKINON MACKENZIE and CO.,
18, Strand Road, CALCUTTA.
P. O. Box 163.
Telephone No. 1830.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Arrival.	Departure.
Alps Maru	T. Inoue	7th Feb.	20th Feb.
Java Maru	J. Kojima	14th Feb.	28th Feb.
Malay Maru	Y. Saito	2nd Mar.	16th Mar.
Indus Maru	T. Nishimura	20th Mar.	4th April

For Freight and passages, etc., apply to
K. SHIMA,
Manager.
Ballard Road, Bombay.

BANKING.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

BOMBAY LOCAL HEAD OFFICE:
BANK STREET.
BRANCHES.
BYCULLA—Opposite Parisi Statue.
MANDVI Abdul Rehman Street.
SANDHURST ROAD—Junction of Sandhurst and Charni Roads.

SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 2,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to any one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed to the rate of four per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 10,000.

Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application at the Bank.

A. W. MARSHALL,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

THE INDUSTRIAL BANK OF WESTERN INDIA, LD.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL 6,25,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL 4,00,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL 89,96,655

DIRECTORS.

1. Sheth Mangaldas G. Parekh, (Chairman).
2. Sheth Purshotamdas Thakordas, C.I.E., M.B.E.
3. Sheth Chamanlal G. Parekh.
4. Sheth Hormusji Manekji Mehta.
5. Sheth Surji Vallabhdas.
6. S. F. Mulla, Esq.
7. Sheth Jeshingbhai Ujamshibhai.
8. Sheth Manubhai Rangildas.
9. Sheth Jivanlal Girdharlal.

HEAD OFFICE—AHMEDABAD.
BRANCHES.
Bombay Branch and Local Sub-Branches—Manek Chowk and Station Branch.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 3 per cent per annum from January to June and at 2½ per cent from July to December. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 special arrangements are to be made.

DEPOSITS for long and short periods are received on favourable terms.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed 4 per sent.

LOANS and Cash Credits are granted on approved securities.

For further informations and rules of business apply to the Bank's Manager, Bombay Branch, No. 50/52, Churchgate Street, Fort.

GIRDHARDAS & SONS.
Managing Agents.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

Paid of Capital ... $ 20,000,000
Sterling Reserve Fund ... £2 4,500,000
Silver Reserve Fund ... $ 21,500,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors $ 20,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.

LONDON OFFICE: 9, Gracechurch Stree, E. C.

BOMBAY OFFICE.
49, Churchgate Street.
OTHER BRANCHES.

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kuala Lurapu	Shanghai
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Tientsin
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Hankow	New York	Vladivostock
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkew	Penang	Yokohama
Ipoch	Rangoon	Yloilo

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the World.

GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE business undertaken.

R. R. HYND,
Agents.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1875.

No. 313, Hornby Road, opposite J. N. Petit Library.

Funded Capital, Rs. 2,44,168.

Investments in Government and Approved Securities only.

Perfect Economy in Management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality, Investigation and Valuation, is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.

The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. 80 per cent. Surrender Value in case the wife pre-deceased. Elsewise months' grace if occupation is lost.

Commission to Canvassers.

For details apply for a copy of Rules to—
GAJANAN SODANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

INSURANCE.

FOR
FIRE
MARINE MOTOR
&C.
INSURANCES
APPLY.
BRITISH INDIA GENERAL INSURANCE CO. LTD.,
A. V. KEITH, Manager Accident Dept.
GEO BROWN [General Manager.

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

TOTAL FUNDS .. .. .. Rs. 1,76,00,000

LOW PREMIUMS
LIBERAL CONDITIONS
WORLD-WIDE POLICIES.

Prospectus and all information may be obtained from Head Office, BOMBAY.

ALLUM BHARUCHA & CO.
Managers.

SPECIAL BENEFIT ALLOWED.

BY THE

BHARAT INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD., LAHORE.

OF

AUTOMATIC REVIVAL OF POLICIES.

For particulars and other information apply to—

B. N. SATHE, Secretary, B. I. Co., Ltd., Poona City.
K. C. VIDYARTHI, Manager, B. I. Co., Ltd., Head Office, Lahore.

THE MERIDIAN PROVIDENT INSURANCE CO. LTD.

24 CHURCHGATE STREET, FORT, 2ND FLOOR.

WANTED

WANTED—INFLUENTIAL PERSONS to act as canvassing agents for the above Company.

The Company issues 1st and 2nd class policies at a monthly premium of Re. 2 and Re. 1 respectively payable for 10 years. The maximum amount payable under the policies being Rs. 500 and Rs. 250 respectively. Terms on application.

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO. LTD

HEAD OFFICE.

2, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.

This purely Indian Company was the first to deposit Rupees Two Lakhs, in one instalment, with the Controller-General for the special security. Lowest rates of Premium in India. Liberal Policy terms.

"It ranks as one of the soundest Insurance Companies on the East side of India.

For all forms of Assurance please apply to

P. BANERJEA,
Secretary.

BAIN and CO.,
Managing Agents.

for

DHURANDHAR BROTHERS,
Chief Agents.

Bombay Presidency, C. P. Berar and Sind, 251, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE
NEW INDIA ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY
SIR D. J. TATA, KT. CHAIRMAN

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	..	..	..	..	20,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED	„	..	..	..	11,86,84'250
PAID UP	„	..	..	..	1,18,68,425

The Company is transacting FIRE, MARINE, TRANSIT, CONSEQUENTIAL LOSS, EARTHQUAKE, RIOT, & CIVIL COMMOTION, BAGGAGE MOTOR CAR & ALL RISKS INSURANCE.

Enquiries regarding the above, as well as OTHER CLASSES OF CONTINGENT INSURANCE, should be addressed to the HEAD OFFICE of the Company WALCE STREET FORT.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

KARACHI, Jamshed N. R. Mehta.
CALCUTTA, V. G. Creber, Branch Manager.
MADRAS, J. W. Waddell, Branch Manager.
RANGOON R. D. Tata and Co., Ltd. and The London-Rangoon Trading Co., Ltd.
COLOMBO, Henderson and Co., and H. L. deMel and Co.
NEW YORK, Summer Ballard, U. S. A. Manager.
LONDON { Sedgwic Collins (Agencies) Ltd Commercial Union Assurance Co Ltd. Marine Underwriters.
PENANG, Behr and Co., and Durege and Thomas, Ltd.
IPOH (Perak), Labrooy Bros.
SOURABAYA (Java), The London-Rangoon Trading Co., (Java), Ltd.
MEDAN (Sumatra), Behr and Co.
BANGKOK (Siam), Malcolm Beranger.
KAMPALA, Narandas Rajaram and Co.
ZANZIBAR, Alli and Abdul Rasul.

R. J. DUFF.
General Manager.

HEAD OFFICE.
6/1 Clive St. Calcutta.

NATIONAL INDIAN

MARTIN & CO.
Managing Agts

Incorporated in India 1907.
INSURE UNDER AN ENDOWMENT POLICY.
The Company pays all incidental expenses—you pay the premiums—
The company pays you on maturity or your heirs if death occurs earlier.
NO VEXATIOUS CONDITIONS—AMPLE CONTRACT—PROMPT PAYMENT.
For all particulars and forms apply to

BHUGWANDAS NIMALDAS,
Branch Secretary
Bunder Road, Karachi.

C. N. MADHAVA ROW.
Acting Branch Secretary.
Lipton's Building.

M. S. HOOSAIN, Branch Secretary
Residency Main Road,
Hyderabad (Deccan.)

93 Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
W. ST. JOHN CHURCH.
Resident Manager
Calcutta.

WANTED ACTIVE AND INFLUENTIAL AGENTS

INSURANCE.

THE ASIAN COMMERCIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

16, Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

Indian Concern with Indian capital under Indian management Attractive plans. Low rates. Perfect security. Speedy settlement of claims.

For particulars apply to
HEAD OFFICE.

THE
NDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO. LTD.

12, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT BOMBAY
CHAIRMAN:
Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Kt.,

Attractive Plans for Life Insurance with lowest rates and with special advantages.

For particulars apply to:
JIVANLAL DASTUR AND CO.
Secretaries and Managers.

According to the Government of India Insurance Blue Book,
The Oldest Life Office of Bengal,

THE HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE LIMITED.

Established 1897.

Funds and Assets over—Rs. 2,00,000.
Claims Paid Exceed—Rs. 8,00,000.

Government of Bengal (Official Trustee) is the Trustee of the Reserve Fund.

Policies from Rs. 500 to Rs. 4,000.

LOWEST RATE OF PREMIUM.

This is the only policy-holders' office and the oldest purely Hindu Life Office in India. We ask every Hindu to compare our rates with any other Indian or Foreign Office before assuring elsewhere.

For particulars apply to:—
The Secretary, or The Chief of Agents.
200, Bow Bazar Street Calcutta.
D. SEN & CO., 1, Chowringhee, Calcutta.

Agency Applications Invited.

INSURANCE.

HINDUSTAN CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY LTD

CALCUTTA.

Second Buinquennium Valuation Report and commends a Bonus of ½ per cent. on the sum assured for each complete year of assurance on Policies in the Ordinary Assurance Fund which become claims during the Quinquennium ending 30th April, 1923, after making a Special Reserve of Rupees One Lac.

Premium Reserve Fund exceeds Rs. 47,00,000. The only Indian Life Office managed on sound democratic lines.

Prospectus and forms of Assurance can be sent on application to Head Office, or any Branch or Chief Agency Office in India.

S. R. KHOPKAR,
Manager,
Bombay Branch,
48, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

HOTELS.

PROSPECT HOTEL.

PANCHGANI.

Opened under entire new management on Western principles. Bracing climate excellent cuisine, and comfortable rooms on all sides. Terms moderate. Book sharp. Season commencing October.

Teig. "Lodge." Tel. No.

THE CHEAPEST FIRST CLASS HOTEL.

at which to put up is the

RAILWAY HOTEL

Those visiting Bombay should not fail to try the "Bombay" Hotel situated at Charney Road, in a healthy locality.

DINNER TABLE A SPECIALITY.

Competent Chiefs, High Class Cuisine and Billiard tables.

Charney Road, Bombay.
Telephone No. 111.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A SOLICITOR ASSISTANT in a Solicitors' Firm. Please apply stating terms to Box No. 7758, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R2893

WANTED—Energetic TAXI DRIVERS on handsome commission. Apply sharp to Box No. 7749 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
A R2866

WANTED—A LADY STENO-TYPIST, Conversant with Office routine and filing. Good remuneration to suitable candidate. Apply with copies of credentials in person to MANAGER, the Reliance Motor Works, Ltd., Lamington Road, BOMBAY.
A C12157

WANTED—Experts in minerals and Geology, Technical, Tannery, Textile manufactury, and Weaving, Ceramic and Decorative Art. Apply with terms and testimonials to Box No. 7757, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R2892

WANTED—An experienced man to take charge of Die Stamping, engraving copper plate and letter press department. One used to putting orders in hand and seeing the work through. Excellent salary to the right man. Apply Box No. 7756, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R2891

WANTED—A qualified, MANUFACTURING CHEMIST and PHARMACIST having practical experience in the manufacture of acids and other chemicals, Apply with Testimonials, stating experience and Salary, to the CHEMICAL AND INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD., Lahore.
A R2888

WANTED — Experienced SHORTHAND-TYPIST for large mercantile firm, must have considerable experience and be able to control staff. Salary Rs. 150 per month or according to qualifications. Apply with copies of certificates, etc., to Box No. 7755, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R2879

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY COMPANY, WANTED (I.) A Temporary SUPERVISOR for the preparation of drawings and estimates. Railway experience is not essential, but applicants must be trained men able to design, calculate stresses and estimate cost of structures. Salary Rs. 250 per month plus 10 per cent. local allowance. (II.) A Temporary Draftsman:—Must be well up in Permanent Way. Salary Rs. 100 per month plus 15 per cent. local allowance. EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Construction Projects, B. B. & C. I. Railway, Church Gate, Bombay.
A R12137

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

BLOCKS TO BE LET for High Class Hindoos at Queen's Road, opposite Marine Lines Station.
C R2830

TO BE LET—The ground-floor of the new bldg. on Plot No. 58 Hughes Road, opposite "The Ford Automobiles, Ltd." For particulars apply to K. G. TAMBE, L. C. E., Architect, 17-19, Bell Lane, Fort.
C R2834

OFFICES TO LET, IN BALLARD ESTATE FORT.—Offices TO BE LET, from February, 1922, in AMRUT BUILDING, situated on DOUGALL ROAD next to Asiatic Petroleum Co.'s Offices near New CUSTOM HOUSE Blocks measuring from 600 sq. ft. to 1,401 sq. ft (larger if required), at a monthly rent from Rs 175 to Rs. 490 on First, Second and Third Floor. For particulars and inspection apply personally to THE MANAGER, on the Premises between 12-30 and 1-30 p.m., of 5 and 6 p.m., or in writing to the owner at the undermentioned addresses: AMRATLAL AMARCHAND, 208-10, Kazi Syed St., Bombay, No. 3.
D R255

GROUND FLOOR OFFICE BLOCKS TO BE LET in Amarchand Building on Ballard Road, immediate possession, most suitable for Shipping Companies Offices, Shops or Show Rooms. Also offices on first floor; all blocks facing sea. Situated near Alexandra Dock mole station. For particulars please apply to the MANAGER on the premises between 12-30 and 1-30 and 5 and 6 p.m., or in writing to the owner at the undermentioned address. AMRATLAL AMARCHAND, 208/10, Kazi Syed Street, Bombay.
C R2885

WANTED—HINDOO VEGITARIAN TENANTS for a block of 4 rooms well ventilated. Please apply personally at the office of the BOMBAY CLOTH MARKET CO., LTD. No. 50/52, Shaikh Memon Street, Mangaldas Market.
C R2863

MOTORS & ACCESSORIES.

MOTOR REPAIRS and painting quickly and economically executed in newly-built extensive workshop, fitted with latest machinery under European management. Cars will be fetched from owners' garage on receipt of request and an estimate promptly rendered. Apply THE ITALIAN MOTOR CAR CO., LTD., Arther Road, Jacob's Circle.

FOR SALE—ROLLS ROYCE CAR with beautiful Limousine Body built by Barkeds London. In perfect condition as new Trial run and price by appointment. Apply sharp Box No. 7759, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
JA R2895

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE—ENGLISH CABRIOLET CAR in very good order and condition. Silent knight Engine will sell cheap. Rupees 10,500 or nearest offer. Apply Box No. 7735, Advt. Dept. "Bomay Chronicle."
JA R2827

MACHINERY, TOOLS, Etc

FOR SALE—COTTON GINNING AND PRESSING MILLS in Burma.—The Cotton Ginning and Baling and Oil-Expressing Mills situate at Myingyan and Allanmyo, Upper Burma. All as previously owned and worked by Moolla Dawood's Cotton Manufacturing Co., Ltd (in Liquidation) The Myingyan Ginnery contains 96 gins and the Allanmyo Ginnery 36 gins. Both properties are fully fitted with Hydraulic Baling Presses, Oil-Expressing Mills, Refineries, Tin-making Plants, Engines, Boilers, Godowns, etc. Offers will be considered for one or two of the properties. For further particulars apply to:—STEEL BROTHERS AND COY., LTD., (Cotton Department) Post Box 132, Rangoon.
E C12057

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

WANTED—CINEMATOGRAPH CAMERA and Aperatus. Apply "RUP". Artists, Kalbadevi, Bombay.
P R2681

FINANCIAL.

AN UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY to TAXI DRIVERS. Apply sharp Box No. 7748, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
R R2865

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

K. M. PUSHMINA CAP; oval, round or boat shape, neatly embd., in silk best Indian made cap for respectable Indians, Rs. 2-14; mention color. K. M. & FINE ARTS AGENCY, Srinagar, Kr.
T R2785

FOR SALE—100 New Electric Ceiling Fans, A. C. Current, 230 volts., 54 ins. four Wooden blades of the Meroli make, (without regulators). Offers invited in writing. Apply to Mr. DWRKADAS NARANJI, Chompaguly near M. J. Market, Bombay 2.
T R2780

FOR SALE—1 REMINGTON TYPEWRITER No. 10 Policy size, in fine condition, Rs. 200.
1 UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER No. 5 Foolscap size, in good order Rs. 200.
1 UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER No. 5 Foolscap size, in good order, 140.
WARDEN & CO.,
23, Humum Street, Fort, Bombay.
T

SALE SPEED TRUCKS—Suitable for passenger service at prices defying competition. Very economical in operation and built to last long. Engine and transmission specially designed for hilly country carburetter takes low grade fuel and Engine has selfstarter and dynamo lighting. Apply THE RELIANCE MOTOR WORKS, LTD., Lamington Road, Bombay.
T C12160

WANTED—A competent HEAD-MISTRESS, possessing good knowledge of Hindi and English and a Lotoress capable of teaching Mathematics, Geography and History. Should have a good certificate for keeping discipline. Widow of an advanced age with previous experience and holding Aryasamajic views will be given preference. Good prospects for a really competent lady. Applications stating terms with testimonials and character certificate should be submitted to the Secretary. Ecate should be submitted to the Secretary. N. K. VIDYALANKAR, 97, Baranoshi Ghosa's Street, Calcutta.
A R2898

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

ON and from MONDAY, the 20th February, the Registered Office of THE BOMBAY TRUST CORPORATION, LIMITED will be situated at E. D. SASSOON BUILDING, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate.

(Sd.) A. J. RAYMAND.
Managing Director.

Bombay, 16th February, 1922.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

ON and from MONDAY, 20th February, 1922 the Offices of the following Companies will be situated at E. D. SASSOON BUILDING, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate:—

E. D. Sassoon & Co., Limited.
The E. D. Sassoon United Mills, Ltd.
The Edward Sassoon Mills, Ltd.
The Meyer Sassoon Mills, Ltd.
The Apollo Mills, Ltd.
The Elphinstone Spg. & Wvg. Mill Co., Ltd.
The Atlas Assurance Co., Ltd.
The Royal Exchange Assurance Corporation (Marine).
The Holland-British India, Line.
The Eastern Chemical Co., Ltd.

E. D. SASSOON & CO., LIMITED.
Bombay, 16th February, 1922.

NOTICE.

A MEETING of the house-owners and landlords of B. C. D. E. F. and G. ards will be held at the Marwadi Vidyalaya on FRIDAY, the 17th inst. at 6 P.M. (S.T.) consider the steps to be taken for securing exemption from paying compensation and damages caused during the last Riots in Bombay from 17th to 20th of November, 1921, mounting to 28 lacs of rupees, the claims r which are now being investigated by the g: Chief Presidency Magistrate. As the portant question of the heavy monetary ability of the house-owners and landlords is volved, they are earnestly requested to attend personally or by representatives. Dr. N.H.E. Sukhia will preside.

(Sd.) JAMNADAS N. MOTIWALLA
(Sd.) G. B. PRABHAKAR
(Sd.) FATEHAMAHOMED HAJI YUSUF
(Sd.) ABBA HAJI MAHOMED
(Sd.) K. F. NARIMAN
(Sd.) LAKHMIDAS RAVJI TERSI.
C2880

NOTICE.

WANTED Applications before 10th March/22 for a post of an Asst. Draftsman on pay Rs. 60-5/2-100 on the permanent Establishment of this office, Those:—

(1) Who have passed through the Sir J.J. School of Art, Bombay and undergone a course of Draftsman's class in that College, or
(2) Who have passed the final Suboverseer's examination of the College of Science, Poona, or the Engineering class of the Dayaram Jethmal, Sind College, Karachi, or
(3) Who have passed the 2nd grade Examination for the Drawing certificate of the Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay and have obtained a certificate in the Architectural course, or
(4) Who are Suboverseers of at least three years' standing in the P.W.D.

need only apply stating their age and furnishing copies of testimonials. Appointment will be on probation for six months.

2. The successful candidate has a chance of promotion if found fit to Head Draftsman's post-pay Rs. 105-5/2-160 on the permanent Establishment in this office after 3 years.

(Sd.) V. N. PARULKAR, L.C.E.
Executive Engineer,
Thana District.
Thana, 18th February 1922.
C12166

PUBLIC NOTICES

CHANGE OF ADDRESS.

IT IS NOTIFIED for general information that the NAVAL TRANSPORT OFFICER has REMOVED from No. 3, Shed Alexandra Dock, to Amarchand Building, Ballard Road, Bombay In future all communications intended for the Divisional Marine Transport Officer, Central Headquarters and Bombay, should be addressed to Amarchand Building.
C12155

TENDERS.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited and will be received by the Mahkma Khas, Idar State, Himatnagar, upto 15th March, 1922, for distillation of country liquor for the year 1922-23 for consumption in the Idar State.
TA C12189

SALE OF AMBULANCES.

TENDERS are invited and will be received by the A. D. S. & T. Bombay, District Bombay Castle, behind the Town Hall, Bombay, upto 25th February, 1922, for the sale of two Daimler Ambulances bearing B. A. Nos. 1441 and 1442 of No. 31 M. T. Company.
The vehicles can be seen at No. 31 M. T. Company's Lines.
TA C12185

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of sugar (about 30 to 40 maunds per month) at the Sewri Liquor Warehouse for nine months beginning from 1st April, 1922.
Sealed tenders with samples of sugar should reach the undersigned at his office at Old Custom House Fort on the 1st March, 1922, before 1 p.m. after which no tenders will be accepted.

AG: DEPUTY COMMISSIONER
of Excise,
Bombay, Presidency.
TA C12183

CHARCOAL FOR SALE.

OFFERS are invited for the purchase of 7,000 mds of the charcoal, manufactured by the Ajmer-Merwara Forest Department, in lot or quantities.
The charcoal can be made available at the departmental depots situated near the Beawer or Marwar Junction (B. B. & C. I.) Railway stations.
Samples of the coal can be seen with or obtained from the undersigned.

DAYANAND,
Extra Assistant Conservator of
Forests, Ajmer, Merwara.
TA C12190

SALE OF COOKING OIL.

THE Officer Commanding, Detachment "A" Supply Depot Company, Bombay has approximately 24 (twentyfour) tons of cooking oil packed in four gallon drums, which is offered for sale.
2. Interested parties are requested to see samples in B.I.T. Section, Grain Depot, Mazagaon and to submit sealed tenders to the undersigned by 12 Noon on Monday the 20th February 1922, standing the quantity they to wish to purchase and the rate they are prepared to pay per ton, including packing.
3. Tenders should be accompanied by a deposit of ten percent of the value of the quantity tendered for. The right to decline any or all the tenders is reserved.
4. The offers will hold good for one month.

P. G. WALSH,
Captain for O.C. Dett. "A" Supply Depot
Company.
Bombay Castle, behind Town Hall, Fort
Bombay, 14-2-1922.
C12167

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SUPPLY OF MEDICINES AND MEDICAL APPLIANCES TO THE DIFFERENT MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENTS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay upto 1 p.m., (B. T.), on 20th February, 1922, for the supply of medicines and medical appliances, etc., to the different Municipal Departments for one and three years commencing on 1st March, 1922.

Forms of Contract etc., can be obtained free of charge from the Undersigned who will on application give any further information that may be required in connection with the contract.

Every tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,500 One thousand and five hundred only to be paid into the Chief Accountant's Office, Bombay Municipality in cash or public securities, which will be forfeited in case of withdrawal of tender or of refusal to sign the contract.

The successful tenderers will be required to pay such further deposit as with Rs. 1,500 One thousand and five hundred only deposited with the tender will make up 10 per cent. on the amount of contract. The security deposit, if paid in cash will bear no interest.

An extra 15 per cent. of the face value of the paper will have to be paid if the deposit be in 4 per cent. Government paper and 30 per cent. if it be in 3½ per cent.

Tenders delivered to Officers other than the Municipal Commissioner or the Chief Accountant will on no account be considered.

Tenderers are informed that the names of all the partners of the firm be mentioned in the tenders.

Any locally manufactured drugs, such as Liquors, Liniments, Extracts, Tinctures etc., will not be accepted by the Municipality. If necessary, the contract will be divided into lots and supplies for different items will be given to those quoting the lowest rates for those supplies.

Local Indian Firms of Druggist may also submit their tenders.

Tenderers are informed that the rates must be carefully entered by them and that no variation or alteration therein will be allowed by the Commissioner on any account after the tenders are opened.

All the charges in connection with the execution etc., of the contract should be borne by the Contractors.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order of the
Municipal Commissioner,
J. E. SANDILANDS.
Executive Health Officer.
Public Health Department,
Bombay, 10th February, 1922.
TA C12168

PUBLIC NOTICES

LUCKNOW UNIVERSITY.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the following posts:

Subject	Reader	Lecturer	Salary.
Pathology	1	... Rs.	750-50-1150
Anatomy	...	1 Rs.	350-25-600
Physiology	...	1 Rs.	350-25-600

(a) Private practice allowed.
(b) All appointments will be in the first instance on probation for one year.
(c) Every officer, teacher, or other servant of the University holding a substantive appointment and receiving a salary of Rs. 40 per mensem or more shall be required to subscribe at the rate of 8 per cent of his salary to the Provident Fund, and the University shall make a contribution of 12 per cent of the subscriber's salary to the Fund.
(d) All applications along with typed copies of Testimonials and qualifications to be submitted on or before the 28th of February, 1922, to the Registrar, Lucknow University.
C12184

THE INDIAN TOYS & GLASS MANUFACTURING CO. LTD.

1ST CALL NOTICE.

IN PURSUANCE to the resolution passed by the Board of Directors of the above company at their meeting held on the 14th instant. Notice is hereby given that a First Call of Rs. 2 per share shall be payable by the shareholders on or before the 28th February, 1922, and that the same should be paid at the Registered office of the Company between 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. (S.T.) on or before the 10th day of March, 1922, after which date interest at 9 per cent. per annum will be charged on the same.
The Board of Directors have further resolved that those shareholders who have not as yet paid their allotment moneys shall pay the same with interest up to the date of payment thereof on or before the 10th day of March 1922 failing which, legal action will be taken against them.

By order of the Board of Directors,
VIJAYSEN AND CO.,
Agents.
100, Cawasji Patel Street, Fort,
Bombay, 14th February, 1922.
C12131

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that TYABJI ABDOOL HUSSEIN RESHAMWALLA and EBRAHIM ABDUL HUSSEIN RESHAMWALLA have contracted to sell to one of our clients the undermentioned property.
All persons having or claiming any estate, right, title, interest claim or demand in, to, upon or in respect of the said property or any part thereof whether by way of inheritance, gift, bequest, trust, mortgage, charge, sale, lease, lien, easement or otherwise howsoever or any objection to the sale by the vendors to our client are hereby required to make the same know in writing to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes and to the undersigned at their office at No. 5, Bell Lane, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date here of failing which the sale will be completed without any reference to any such claims or interest and the same will be treated as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land containing by admeasurement one hundred and fifty-five and six-ninths square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 138, New No. 7452, Old survey No. 1528, New Survey No. 989 together with the tenement or building standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under C. Ward No. 8051 Street Nos. 272-274 all which premises are situate at and on the west side of Bhendy Bazar Parel Road, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and are bounded, on or towards the *East* by the Bhendy Bazar Road aforesaid, on or towards the *West* by a Sweepers passage, on or towards the *North* by the property of Ebrahimkhan Mahomed and on or towards the *South* by the property of Memon Tar Mahomed.

JAMSHEDJI RUSTOMJI & DEVIDAS.
Purchasers Attorneys.
Dated this 16th day of February, 1922
C12191

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SHERIFFBHAI THAVAR, of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant has contracted to sell the land and heriditaments secondly described in the Schedule hereunder written and his reversionary rights as lesson of the land and heriditaments firstly described in the said Schedule, to our client ABDUL HUSSEIN CADERBHOY and ABDEALLY ESMAILJI, both of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitants. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, lease, inheritance or otherwise how so ever, is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 89, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim or interest and the same, if any will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE.

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground together with the message tenament or building stading thereon stiuate, lying and being at Mazagon Road containing by admeasurement three hundred and fifty-five square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under new No. 2410 and by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward No. 4756 and Street No. 6B and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the West and North by the property of the vendor secondly described herein on or towards the East by the Mazagon Road and or or towards the south by the property of Commattee Ello Allapa and which said premises are more particularly delineated and described in the map or plan annexed to the Indenture of under Lease of the thirteenthday of April one thousand eight hundred and eighty and made between The Hon'ble Kashinath Trimbak Telang and others of the one part and Madhowji Waghji and Lalji Bhimji of the other part and are now in the occupation of the purchasers or their tenants.

SECONDLY.—ALL THAT piece or parcel of vacant land or ground situate, lying and being at Mazagon Road to form a 3 feet wide passage along the entire length of the west and North of the property firstly hereinabove described and containing by admeasurement 42 square yards or thereabouts (one piece wheih lies on the North of the said property being 31 yards in legnth or thereabouts and one yard in breadth and the other which lies on the west side of the said property being 11 yards in length or thereabouts and one yard in breadth) being a portion of the plot of lnad assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 455 New No. 2410 old survey No. 531 and New survey 3682 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East and South by the property firstly herein above described and on or towards the North by the property of the vendor and on or towards the West by the property of the Vendor.

NANU HORMUSJI and CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
Dated this 18th day of Feb. 1922
C12139

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.

120, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS AT DADAR KUMBHARWADA.

Under instructions from the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on THURSDAY, 2nd March sell by Public Auction at 4 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises at Dadar Kumbharwada near Kasturchand Mills, Plot No. 42, Case No. M/98 N. S. No. 6—A/1571 Ward No. 4257 (4) Street No. C. House ground and first floor.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF BRASSWARE, PENS, PLATES, ETC.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on SATURDAY, the 18th inst. sell by Public Auction at their rooms No 120, Apollo Street at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) by Order of the Banks and Offices concerned and on account and risk of the concerned.
1 case Brass Ware.
6 Parcels containing Blackbird and swan pens (medium).
On account and risk of Messrs. J. S. Ebrahim and Co.
1 Crate containing about 100 dozens Western pattern plates.
By order of N. H. Moos, Esqr., received in suit No. 1913 of 1921.
(Permanand vs Alarakhia).
1 Lot Grease.
On account and risk of Mr. Abdul Kader Sakopr.
1 case suspenders.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE PEARL, RUBY AND EMERALD JEWELLERY.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on SATURDAY, the 18th instant sell by Public Auction at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) at their rooms by order of the mortgagee and on account and risk of the mortgagor the following:—
1 Pearl necklace with Ruby Penant.
2 Pearl Bracelets with Diamond and Ruby Penants and rings, 1 Emerald and Diamond Nose Ring.
1 Beautifully Enamelled Gold Watch (Repeated).
The above is on view.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF HARDWARE GOODS.

Under instructions from Messrs. Shamrao Minocheher and Hiralal Attorneys for Messrs. Patell Kapadia and Co. Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell hardware goods on SATURDAY, the 18th day of February, 1922, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their room at Custom House road on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchasers Messrs. Gulam Hoosain Alibhai and Co., hardware merchant of Khokha Bazar near Crawford Market the goods having been indented by the said Gulam Hossein Alibhai and Co., under a contract No. 265 dated the 15th day of November, 1919. The goods can be inspected at the Auction rooms two days previous to the salee.
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Shamrao Minocheher and Hiralal at No. 95, Ash Lane Fort or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT ARTHUR ROAD.

Under instructions from the Attorneys of the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Ganoo Ratnoo and others Messrs. BENNET and Co., will on FRIDAY, the 17th day of February, 1922, at 4-30 p.m. sell by Public Auction on the premises the undermentioned property pursuant to the Power of Sale vested in the Transferee of the Mortgage under an Indenture of mortgage and transfer of mortgage, dated respectively the 18th day of August, 1908, and 16th day of August, 1911.
ALL that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground with the newly built messuages or dwelling house standing thereon situate on the Western side of Arthur Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and admeasuring 355 square yards or thereabouts assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Survey No. 767 and bounded on the East by the said Arthur Road, on the West by the property of Rattansey, on the South by the property of Baloo Mia Mohidin and towards the West by the property of Ratansey and which said hereditaments and premises are now in the occupation of the Mortgagors and their tenants.
For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned or to the Mortgagees Attorneys, Messrs. Mehta Loljee and Co., at their Office Nos. 12-16, Oak Lane, Fort, Bombay.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT DADAR.

Under instructions from Messrs. Smetham Byrne and Lambert, Attorneys for co-owners. Messrs. BENNETT AND CO. will on FRIDAY, the 3rd March, 1922, sell by public auction at 4-30 p.m (S.T.) on the premises.
All that piece or parcel of pension and tax land or ground with the messuage or a pucca built Bungalow or dwelling house standing thereon and out building yards and garden thereto belonging, situate at Bhunderwada Road at Lower Mahim in the registration district and sub-district of Bombay and registered in the Collectors' book under old No. 331. New No. 4056. Old Survey. No. 413, New Survey No. 1-1778 and bearing Municipal Assessor and Collector's Ward G. No. 2737 and street Bhandarwada Road. No. 202 and admeasuring 1872.—square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the north by the Portuguese Church Street on or towards the East by the property of the Church of N. S. de Salvacao on or towards the south by the property of the late C. D. Nunes and on or towards the west by the Parbhadevi Road all which premises were formerly in the occupation of the said Joseph Thomas de Silva and Ignatio Manuel de Silva and are now in the occupation of the said Mary Victoria de Silva and Leopold Sebastian de Silva.
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Smetham Byrne and Lambert to the undersigned.

BENNETT AND CO.,
Bombay, 17th Feb., 1922.

VORA AND CO,

Auctioneers and Commission Agents,
Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

GRAND AUCTION SALE HIGH CLASS FURNITURE, ELECTRIC LAMPS, GRAMOPHONES, SHOW CASES, SAFES, ETC. ETC.

On SATURDAY, the 18th February, 1922, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. Vora and Co. will sell by public auction in their Show Room at Appolo Street, just off The Neir Bldg. of Imperial Bank. Very rich and high class furniture comprising Sliding Dining Tables. Tepestry and Leather lined Drawing Room sets and cabinets, Chesterfield chair, Arm and armless chairs; Office Fancy Writing tables, Revolving chair, Rocking chairs, Hat stands, Dressing chest of Drawers, Iron and Wooden, single and double bed-steads, watches, etc. etc.
On account and risk of defaulting purchaser, Mr. N. B. Mehta.
One Pair Diamonds Bracelet,
2 Single Diamonds Ring.
4 safes in 36 inches—28-36-24.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

VORA AND COMPANY.
Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE.

MESSRS J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.
20, Apollo Street.
Tel. No. 3409.

AUCTION SALE THIS DAY FRIDAY, 17TH FEBRUARY, 1922, AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.).
Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction THIS DAY Friday, the 17th day of February, 1922, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at No. 5, Waterloo Mansions, Mayo Road, Fort, very valuable made-to-order household furniture by known makers (some pieces by Wimbridge Conor and Gerrard and Dewji Canji), comprising screw, telescopic dining table, dining room chairs, handsome sideboard, dinner waggons, dumbwaiters, meat-safes, rich glass, porcelain and platedware, silk lined drawing room suites, English writing desk with book-case, glass door book cases, French table clock striking every quarter hours, handsome cabinets, corner cabinets, English card table, tiled and plain top teapoys, old blue China jars, satsuma vases, rich engravings, sweet-toned Cramer travelling piano, made-to-order wooden bedsteads, zoonda almirahs, mirror door almirahs, clothes and gown presses, marble top dressing and washhand table, iron safe, copper utensils, etc.
The property of D. P. Dady, Esq., proceeding to Europe, and others.
Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

GOOD COPPORTUNITY TO CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS AUCTION SALE OF 21 CASKS BICHROMATE OF SODA AND 15 CASKS BICHROMATE OF POTASH.
IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 2968 of 1921.

David Fulton and another .....Plaintiffs.
Vs
The Eastern Commercial Corporation Ltd., ...Defendants.

Under instructions from Messrs. Edgelow Gulabchand Wadia and Co., attorneys for Mr. Dhunjishaw Hormusji Bulsara, the Receiver appointed in the above suit and on account and at the risk of the Eastern Commercial Corporation Ltd., the defendants abovenamed and in pursuance of the directions contained in the consent decree passed in the said suit on the 14th day of January, 1922, Messrs. J. S. MODY AND CO., will sell by public auction on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd day of February, 1922, at 3-30 p.m., (S. T.), at their Auction Rooms, next to the Post Office in Apollo Street, Fort the under mentioned goods.
21 Casks Bichromate of Soda.
15 Casks Bichromate of Potash.
A deposit of 25 p. c. will be required on the lots being knocked down and the balance will have to be paid and goods taken delivery of within 6 days from the date of the sale.

J. S. MODY and Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 17th February, 1922.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents.
No. 122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 521.

WEEKLY SALE.

HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE FURNITURE CHESTERFIELD SOFAS, SAFES, CLOCKS, CARPETS, ETC.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 20th day of February 1922, at 2-30 p.m. at their rooms No 122, Apollo Street, Fort, the following:—
Household and Office furniture, such as drawing room sofas, chairs, arm and armless chairs, mirror doors cabinets, writing tables, teapoys, sideboard cupboards, book stands, Chesterfield sofas, etc., etc.
American (8) days Octagon lever 12 Wall Clocks striking hour and ½ hour.
By order of B. N. Lang, Esq., Official Assignee of Bombay and the Assignee of the estate and effects of F. N. Davar.
Cupboards, bed, table, chairs and looking-glass.
By order of the office concerned.
By order of Messrs. Ralli Bros. one big lot Dhotars.
One parcelo containing 27 carpets of assorted size and design.

AUCTION SALE.

Of the very valuable and artistic household furniture by well-known makeres. Roll Top Tables, Electro-platedware, Silverwares, Crockery, rich glasswares, etc.
Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction Marwan Road, Anderi, on SUNDAY, the 26th day of February 1922, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Victoria Lodge No. 2, the following consisting of Cabinets, teak and blackwood arm chairs, easy chairs, washing tables, plain almyrahs, mirror doors almyrahs wardrobes, single and double beds, very rich and old choicest Chirese vases, jars, electro-plated wares, rich Venetian glasswares, roll top table, gardenpots, etc., etc.
The property of Charles W. Hogg, Esqr.
CRAWFORD and CO.,
Auctioneers.

MESSRS MENESSE & CO.

No. 36 Hummun Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 4083.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by public auction on FRIDAY, the 17th February, 1922 at 3 p.m. (S. T.) at the premises the materials for removal of the following buildings:—
Building St. No. 7, 8, 8A, case No. 34, 85 Ripon Road Kalla Pani,
Also at 4 p.m. (S. T.).
Building St. No. 86B, case Nos. 6, 132, 371 Worlee Road, S. M. Pakhadi and Worli Road.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED CARGOES OF THE BOMBAY PORT TRUST DOCKS.

In accordance with Section 64 of the Bombay Port Trust Act of 1875, and as from time to time amended and under instructions from the Bombay Port Trust Docks, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 21st February, 1922, at 2 p.m. at the Sale Warehouse, Alexandra Dock, opposite No. 1 Shed, the following goods:—
Rice, Hardware, Earthenware, Leather trunk, Jam, Saddlery, Wine, Copra, Sugar, Ground Nut, Clay, Pipes, Googal, Castersead, Provision, Stationery, Asbestos, Marbles, Almond, Machinery, Cotton, Cement, Iron pieces, Goat Skins, Dry Dates, Anchors, Yarn, Mats, Zinc sheets, Drum oil, Nails, Cask zinc empty, Merchandise, Milk, Carpet, Linseed, Wool, Boat gear, Ropes, 58 cases blass bangles, etc.

AUCTION SALE OF 200 F. P. BALES OF OOMRA FINE COTTON.

Messrs. MENESSE and CO., will sell by public auction on MONDAY, the 20th February, 1922, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), at Mazagaon Tank Bunder in Port Trust Grain Depot Shed No. 6 by order of the Japan Cotton Trading Co., Ltd., and on account and at the risk of the party concerned.
200 F. P. Bales Oomra Fine Cotton Delivery Orders Nos. 1727 and 1728.
A deposit of 25 per cent will be required on the lot being knocked down.

MENESSE and CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 18th February, 1922.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 10 April, 2017

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Engagements.

TO-DAY.

Mails for S. Africa per S.S. "Elveric" close at 6-30 p.m.

Principal Coverntan's lecture on the "Work of the Bombay Education Society 1820-40," at the Sassoon Mechanics Institute, 6-15 p.m.

Meeting of the Council of the Provincial Congress Committee, 2, Dean Lane, 6 p.m.

Dr. R. C. Rawlley's public lecture on "The Organisation of the Indian Cotton Industry" at 6 p.m. at the Sydenham College hall, Whiteaway Laidlaw Building, Hornby Road. Mr. D. M. Wadia to preside.

Meeting of house-owners and landlords of B, C, D, E, F, L, G. wards Marwadi Vidyalaya, 6 p.m. (S. T.).

Magic lantern lecture on "Innocent Victims, the Sanitary Institute, Princess St., 6-30 p.m.

SATURDAY, Feb. 18.

The s.s. Macedonia with the English mails leaves at 1 p.m.

Swami Satya Deo's lecture on "The lesson of Bardoli," Marwadi Vidyalaya 6-30 p.m.

Mazagon Institute's Fancy Dress Dance at the Muzaffarabad Hall, Grant, Road, at 9 30 p.m.

SUNDAY, Feb. 19.

S. S. "Kermela" with English mails of the 2nd inst. respected to arive at 6 a.m.

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

The Bombay Chamber of Commerce has elected Mr. P. Nelson of Messrs. Symons Barlow and Co., Chairman for the current year.

PANDIT KRIPARAM.

Pandit Kriparam, the Leprosy Specialist, left Nasik yesterday and has proceeded to village Rajole, District Kangra, Punjab, for about two weeks.

ARCHITECTURAL STUDENTS' ASSOCIATION.

All the members are requested to give their presence on Sunday next (19th instant) at 8 a.m. (S. T.), at Apollo Bunder, to visit the "Gate of India" and Taj Mahal Palace Hotel.

DADAR CATHOLIC INSTITUTE.

Under the auspices of the Institute, Mr. F. Correia-Afonso, Professor, St. Xavier's College, will deliver a public lecture, on "New Problems and Old Solutions", on Sunday next (19th instant), at 5-30 p.m., in the hall of Dr. Antonio Da Silva High School, Dadar.

ADDRESS TO THE ARCHBISHOP-BISHOP OF DAMAUN.

The Bombay Catholic Welfare Organisation is presenting to His Grace the Archbishop-Bishop of Damaun an address to welcome on Sunday next at 10-15 a.m. at the Gloria Church School Hall, Byculla.

AYURVEDA.

Under the auspices of the Parsi Rajkeya Sabha, there will be a public meeting at the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall on Tuesday next, the 21st instant, at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.), when Drs. Durgashunkur Rawal, Popat Purbhuram and Rai will speak on "The History and Efficacy of Ayurveda", and Mr. S. R. Bomanji will preside.

A CORRECTION.

The following correction has been sent by the Municipal Commissioner:—

The name of one of the proposers of Mr. Navroji Hormusji Contractor, a candidate for the Justices Election should be Mr. Shapurji Bamanji Bilimoria instead of Mr. Ardesher Jamshedji Bilimoria, B.A., as already published in the notice.

PANDIT BHAGVANLAL INDRAJI LECTURES.

Prof. N. K. Bhagvat will deliver Lecture VI of his series of Pandit Bhagvanlal Indraji Lectures on "The Monastic Institutions of the Hinayana Buddhists, known as the Samgha, in the University Library Building (ground floor) to-day (Friday) at 5-45 p.m. The last lecture of the Series will be delivered at the same time and place on Wednesday, the 22nd February, instead of on Friday, the 24th, as previously announced. The lectures are open to the public.

THE THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY.

The 15th anniversary day of the late Col. H. S. Olcott and the 75th birthday of the Right Rev. C. W. Leadbeater falling to-day (Friday), will be celebrated at the Blavatsky Lodge Hall at 6-15 p.m. (S. T.), when short speeches in English and Gujarati will be delivered appropriate to the occasion and followed by devotional music and songs. Mr. Mavji Govindji Seth will preside. Members and sympathisers are cordially invited to attend.

MEETING OF HOUSE-OWNERS AND LANDLORDS.

A meeting of the house-owners and landlords of B, C, D, E, F and G Wards will be held at the Marwadi Vidyalaya to-day (Friday) at 6 p.m. (S. T.), to consider the steps to be taken for securing exemption from paying compensation and damage caused during the last riots in Bombay from the 17th to the 20th of November, 1921, amounting to 28 lakhs of rupees, the claims for which are now being investigated by the Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate. As the important question of the heavy monetary liability of the house-owners and landlords is involved, they are earnestly requested to attend personally or by representatives. Dr. N. H. E. Sukhia will preside.

NATURE'S OWN CURE FOR CHRONIC CONSTIPATION AND BILIOUSNESS.

A clogged, sluggish liver and intestinal congestion, with the attendant train of other disorders, such as headache, dizziness, muddy or pimpled complexion, catarrh, indigestion, languor and impure blood, should never be neglected, for doctors often term constipation "the beginning of all disease." It means that dangerous toxins are constantly being drawn into the blood. Poisonous drugs and powerful cathartics, such as calomel (mercury), can give only temporary relief, simply because, while they may irritate the liver to violent, convulsive action, they do not stop adherence to walls of the intestines, nor cleanse and strengthen the delicate network of secretory ducts and glands. For this latter purpose there is nothing equal to ordinary *Alkia Saltrates*, the deposits of certain natural medicinal waters, obtainable from any chemist as refined *Alkia Saltrates*. Take a level teaspoonful in a half-tumbler of water, and continue for a few days, until all signs of liver trouble have entirely disappeared. Then headaches, mental depression, stomach trouble and other disorders will also vanish, and you will again enjoy life as Nature intended. Mental effort and concentration are no longer difficult, hard work becomes a pleasure, and that constant tired feeling disappears. Avoid strong cathartic pills, lowering salts, drugs or alcoholic stimulants, eat moderately, and dring once or twice daily a tumbler of water, in which you occasionally dissolve a teaspoonful of *Alkia Saltrates* —Nature's own liver clarifier—and you need never fear a recurrence of the disorders.

COMMERCIAL.

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(From Our Correspondent.)

Feb. 16.

To-day Reuter reports 11 points higher in New York futures and the Marwari Bazar opened this morning for Fully Good M. G. Broach April-May at Rs. 420½ and gradually went up to Rs. 424½. The prices then declined to Rs. 418½ on Bazar selling and the rate at 4 p.m. was Rs. 419. The Bazar finally closed at Rs. 422. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 422 and closed easier at Rs. 419½. Fine M. G. Oomra March opened at Rs. 345 and advanced to Rs. 349½. The prices fluctuated between Rs. 344 and Rs. 348 and the rate at 4 p.m. was Rs. 344½. Fine M. G. Oomra May opened at Rs. 358½ and went up till Rs. 362½. The prices then eased down to Rs. 358 the rate at 4 p.m. was Rs. 357. F. G. M. G. Bengal March was Rs. 361 and May Rs. 367 nominal.

Our market for ready cotton remained steady yesterday with a fairly good demand from exporters for high class Bengals and Berar cotton. About 7,000 bales are reported to have changed hands yeterday.

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET

Feb. 16.

Bars gold ready, Rs. 28-0-6.
Bars gold forward, 27-13-6.
Bars silver ready, 92-10.
Bars silver 1st settlement, 92-4.
Bars silver 2nd settlement, 90-6.

EXCHANGE.

B C Rate—Bank's selling T T, 1/3 1/2.
Bank's selling D D, 1/3 17/32.
On London—Bank's selling T T, 1/3 9/16.
Bank's selling D D, 1/3 19/32.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A, 1/3 7/8.
Bank's buying T T, 1/3 5/8.
Bank's buying D D, 1/3 21/32.
Tone of Exchange—Quiet market.
On Paris—Bank's selling D D, Frcs 324.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A, Frcs 344.
Bank's buying D D, Frcs 334.
On Japan—Bank's selling T T, Rs. 166½.
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P, Rs. 161½.
On Hongkong—Bank's selling D D, Rs. 183.
On Shanghai—Bank's selling D D, Rs. 262.
On Singapore—Bank's selling D D, Rs. 179.
On New York—Bank's selling D D, Rs. 357.
Loudon gold ready, s. 95-4.
London silver ready, d. 34-6.
London silver forward, d. 34.
Tone of Silver—India covering sales Closed dull.
Cross Rates on London to the Pound Sterling.
American Exchange, Dollars 4.35.
French Exchange, Frcs 50.40.
Swiss Exchange, Frcs 22.30.
Belgium Exchange, Frcs 52.90.
Italian Exchange, 89.50.
German Exchange, Mrks 870.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

3½ per cent Paper, Rs. 56/8.
5 per cent War Loan, 83.
4 per cent Terminable Loan, 96.
4 per cent Conversion Loan, 75.
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1922, 99/12.
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1928, 100.
6 per cent Government of India Bonds due 1920, 100.
6 per cent Government of India Bonds due 1930, 100.
6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan due 1935, 103.
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1974, 67.
6 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1930, 96.
4 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1974, 67.
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1929 to 49, 96.
4 per cent Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974, 67.

SHARES.

The market tendency is uncertain.
The following are the closing rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange:—

BANKS.

Imperial 1290, India 124, Central 35/8, Tata Bank 15/8, Eastern 63.

COTTON MILLS.

Ahmedabad Advance, 2650, Alliance 320, Apollo 83/12 xd, Bombay Cotton 1130, Bombay Dyeing 1580, Bradbury 1050, Century 880, Central India 4290, Colaba Land 2400, Coorla 275, Crescent 557/8, Currimbhoy 1500, David 1445, Edward Sassoon 585, Fazulbhoy 1390, Finlay 1240, Gokak 222/8, Indian Bleaching 220, Indore Malwa 585, Jamshed Mfg 500, Kastoorchand 1105, Kohinoor 3045, Meyer Sassoon 370, New Great 870, New City 730, Paban 885, Pearls 1095, Phoenix 970, Planet 280, Shapurji 320, Simplex 812/8, Standard 2400 n, Swan 1110, Swadeshi 4660, Tata Mill 1280 n.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 592/8, Bombay-Burma 510, Bombay-Burma N I 142/8 pr, Bt Burma Pet 9/4, Bombay Tramway 108/12, Bombay Flour 1625, Bombay Steam 240, Bundi Cement 41, Indian Cement 300, Katni ord 237/8, Katni def 1220 xd, New India 16, Port Canning 615, Shivrajpur 30, Tata Iron ord 68/12, Tata Iron def 215, Tata Iron N ord 60, Tata Iron N def 180, Tata Hydro 780, Tata Oil 55, Scindia Steam 7.

TREASURY BILLS.

With effect from Thursday the 16th February 1922, Treasury Bills will be issued for a term of three months in addition to those for six nine and twelve months and subject to conditions at present applicable to latter. The rates will be as follows with effect from the same date:—

For 3 months Bills	... Rs.	98	7	0 per cent.
For 6 months Bills	... Rs.	96	15	0 per cent.
For 9 months Bills	... Rs.	96	3	0 per cent.
For 12 months Bills	... Rs.	95	2	0 per cent.

DEATH OF COL. TULEY OF THE SALVATION ARMY.

Lieut.-Col. John Tuley of the Salvation Army Headquarters, Bombay, passed away at 9 a.m. on Tuesday last.

The funeral services were conducted by Col. Bwens, the Chief Secretary, as the Commissioner was touring in Gujarat at the time.

Lieut.-Col. John Tuley was 51 years of age. He originally belonged to Manchester, England, and became an Officer of the Salvation Army in 1894. He was sometimes attached to the Army's Headquarters at Simla, and afterwards was appointed to take charge of the work in Madras and the Telegu country. He was lately made Financial and Property Secretary for Western India.

A Memorial Service will be conducted by Col. Ewens at the Army's Byculla Hall, situated in the compound of the Headquarters at the corner of Morland Road and Sankli Street on Sunday evening next (19th instant) at 7-45, to which the public are invited.

DEFICIT OF 144 LAKHS.

MADRAS FACED WITH TASK OF MAKING UP

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Feb. 16.

Sir C. G. Todhunter, Finance Member, in a summary of the present financial situation says that during the next year, Madras has to make up a total of 144 lakhs and proposals in the direction of extra taxation are made.

MURDER OF AN ENGLISHMAN.

TWO ACCUSED COMMITTEED TO SESSIONS.

(1) Shaukat Ali Ibrahim Ali; (2) Yaseen Ismail and (3) Shaikh Kudrat Shaikh Chikori were charged by Deputy-Inspector Bird yesterday (Wednesday) with being members of an unlawful assembly and that in the prosecution of the common object did commit rioting mischief and they did abet each other in committing the murder of one Alfred Willis on the 14th of November last during the Prince's visit. This case was disposed of by Mr. Olivera, at the Mazgaon Police Court.

Prosecuting Inspector Eman conducted the prosecution, while Mr. Coelho, pleader, defended accused Nos. 2 and 3.

Henry Alfred Bodley, Assistant in the Custom Department said he remembered the 17th of November last. About 3 p.m. that day he was going along Sankli Street from the Junction of Sankli Street and Moreland Road he saw a human body and a crowd in the distance. The crowd was about 75 to 100 yards from the body where it was lying. He went up to the body and found the man dead. He called for assistance. There was blood all round the body. He noticed that the skull had been fractured. Just then, a motor lorry came up. He stopped it and with the assistance of some persons he put the body in the lorry. The dead person had a white coat and white trousers on and a coloured shirt. He took the body to the Nagpada Ponce Station where a Police Sergeant joined him and they conveyed the body to the J. J. Hospital Morgue. At the Morgue the body was searched in his presence. In one of the coat-pockets of the deceased they found some official Railway papers and Rs. 150 in Currency Notes. One of the documents bore the name Willis.

CHASED BY THE MOB.

Vincent Victor Para said he saw accused No. 2 throwing stones at the street-lamps. He had also a bamboo in his hand. The European gentleman, then, snatched the bamboo from the hand of accused No. 2. Then he heard some persons shout out "Maro Saleko". Upon, this, the European gentleman ran up to the lane adjoining his house. He noticed the mob chasing him. Just as the European got at the entrance of the lane adjoining his house he noticed accused No. 1 run up from a side lane with a long Iron-bar in his hand, and he struck the European with it on the leg. The European fell down. Then 30 or 40 of those who made up the mob came up dragged him to the centre of the road and struck him with bamboos and stones. There was a flour-mill near his house where accused No. 1 was employed. He left the iron-bar which he was carrying by the side of the Mill and returned with a bamboo with which he goaded the European in several parts of his person. The crowd, then, scattered. He did not remember having seen accused No. 3.

Cross-examined by accused No. 1, witness said he knew accused No. 1. He was well-known in the locality.

Cross-examined by Mr. Coelho, witness said accused No. 2 was the leader of two or three boys that were with him. The mob was about 50 yards from him. It was not true that he had any altercation with accused No. 2 at any time.

Mrs Julius Strip, disposed to the fact that she saw accused No. 1 hit the deceased with an iron-bar. The deceased fell down. The mob, then, dragged him. The boy that struck the European with the bamboo on his back was accused No. 2.

Hari Kesho corroborated the above witnesses.

ONE ACCUSED DISCHARGED.

After the evidence had been recorded, His Worship committed the first two accused to the ensuing Criminal Sessions and ordered accused No. 3 to be discharged as there was no evidence against him.

"CORONER'S COURT."

ALLEGED FATAL ASSAULT.

Succaram Nathu, a butler aged about thirty-two, employed in the service of Mr. and Mrs. Warder at Granta Buildings was admitted to the G. T. Hospital at 11-30 p.m. on Monday last, suffering from injuries on his head. He died in the hospital yesterday. The deceased was alleged to have been assaulted with a stick by one Hamis Feroze, a servant in the same house.

At the Coroner's Court, Mr. A. R. King, the Coroner, at the G. T. Hospital, yesterday when Hamis was present at the enquiry.

Deceased's widow Dhondibai said she sent the deceased at 10-30 p.m. on Monday to buy bidees. After a little while, deceased's brother called witness downstairs. Witness went and saw the deceased standing on the road close to the building. Some other men were with him. The deceased was going to the back stair-case and the suspect was following him. Witness was behind them. He had in his hand the stick produced. The suspect struck the deceased twice, first on the leg and then on the back. Deceased fell down near the stair-case. The suspect, then, struck him twice on the head with the stick and ran away with it. The deceased lay unconscious and was taken by his master in a taxi-car to the G. T. Hospital.

Further enquiry stands adjourned.

ECHO OF BOMBAY RIOTS.

LANDLORDS' PROTEST AGAINST COMPENSATION CLAIMS.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Rao Bahadur C. H. Stelavad, Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, Mr. Kaji Kabiruddin, Bar.-at-Law, with Messrs. K. F. Nariman, Y. V. Bhandarker and B. F. Daroowala, pleaders, presented a petition for 43 landlords of B, C, D, E, F and G Wards and prayed for exemption against compensation claims.

Among the applicants are:—(1) Sardar Saheb Suleman Kasam Mitha, (2) Nawab Moulvi Sayed Mohmed Razvi, (3) Abubakar A. R. Begmahomed, (4) Fatehmahomed Haji Yusuf, (5) Abdulla Miya Khandwani, (6) Haji Habib Haji Karim, (7) Huseinbhoy Lalji, and others.

LANDLORDS' PETITION.

The petition stated:—

"That our properties should be exempted from payment of any compensation for losses and injuries during the late riots in Bombay from 17th to 20th November, 1921, under Sections 45 and 46 of Bombay Police Act No. 4 of 1902.

"That we the applicants, both ladies and gentlemen, have taken no part in the late disturbances nor have any members of our families have done so.

"That similarly we learn on enquiries that none of our tenants have taken any part in the said disturbances.

"That it will be seen from the addresses given above as well as our affidavits that we the applicants as a rule do not reside in the houses we own.

"From the ex-parte inquiry which your Worship is holding at present it must have appeared that the disturbances were confined to the riff-raff and hooligans residing in slums and near Jacob Circle and other mill areas, who ran over all the places in Bombay and created disturbances in different parts.

"We therefore submit that the persons who occasioned the injuries and losses in respect of which compensation is to be awarded were not residents of the localities where our properties are situated.

"The Parsi community has collected a very large amount to be distributed in that community, that claims should therefore be paid out of it."

His Worship received the petition and would fix the day for hearing arguments later on.

WADIA CHARITIES' TENEMENTS.

LAYING OF FOUNDATION STONE.

The following are excerpts from the speech of Her Excellency Lady Lloyd delivered at the laying of the foundation-stone of the Wadia Charities' Tenements at Andheri on Wednesday last:—

I know that when His Excellency first had the privilege of becoming personally acquainted in 1919 with the Trustees of the Wadia Charities and the work that was being done by them, it was this scheme in particular that interested him and indeed both of us—the scheme for providing healthy homes for poor Parsees, outside the congested areas. It is, therefore, a matter of particular gratification to us to have this opportunity of associating ourselves personally with the commencement of the work itself.

I must add that to me personally such a scheme must be of the greatest possible interest, for the provision of healthy airy homes for the poorer members of the public is intimately connected with the subject which is perhaps nearer my heart than any—the improvement of the conditions in which the children of the new generation are to be born and brought up, and the raising of the whole standard of hygiene among the mothers. Moreover, I feel it a special privilege, as a woman, that I should to-day have laid the foundation stone of these buildings, which are to perpetuate the memory of so remarkable a member of my own sex, whose life might well be an example to all women.

It is very satisfactory to hear from what Sir Hormusji has just said that you have steadily adhered to the idea of keeping the lay-out of this Estate, as far as possible, on Garden City lines and that so much attention has been paid to providing the best procurable means of sanitation. It is certain that the advantages secured thereby will far outweigh the possible difficulties which you have foreseen.

TRANSIT AND WATER SUPPLY.

And in regard to the expenses of transit His Excellency wishes me to assure you that Government are doing all in their power to press on the provision of a regular and frequent transport service at rates which will be well within the means of even the poorest inhabitants of the outlying residential areas. In regard to the question of water supply, he does not think you need anticipate any difficulty and he would urge you at once to approach the Development Directorate and lay your needs before it, for, as far as his information goes, I think the Directorate will be able to meet them.

It must indeed be a proud moment for the Trustees that the scheme which they have had in view for so long a period, in the preparation of which they have had to face a series of such formidable difficulties, has to-day been inaugurated. The obstacles which the war brought with it, were followed by obstacles at least as great, which have still to be faced to-day. Both His Excellency and I personally can sympathise very fully with them, knowing how disheartening it is when a person is engaged upon real constructive work, administrative or otherwise, to find that he is hampered at every step by forces over which he has no control, that his attention is continually diverted by new problems and new difficulties.

We both congratulate them heartily upon their achievement and upon the help they have received from such distinguished assistents as Mr. Wittet, Mr. Billia, Mr. Chambers, Professor Geddes and others. The history of this Estate and of the Wadia Charities' connection with it a fascinating one, has its beginning in an old tradition of benevolent friendship, and each stage has been marked by the same spirit of devoted and unassuming altruism. A scheme that takes over such a tradition as this cannot fail of success. Nor does it lack the support and the good wishes of all who are present here to-day or who have watched its preparation with sympathetic interest.

MUNICIPAL STABLES ON FIRE.

DAMAGE ESTIMATED AT RS. 15,000.

A big fire broke out, yesterday (Thursday) afternoon at 4-10 p.m., in the Health Department "A" and "B" Ward Municipal Stables situated on Phalton Road, behind the Crawford Market. Mr. Kharker, a Ward Clerk, on noticing smoke issuing from the roof-shed, raised an alarm. Immediately the fire-brigade authorities were communicated with, and the Wadi Bunder; Babula Tank; Mandvi, Fort, Bhuleshwar, Byculla and Gowalia Talao, Fire-engines hurried to the scene. The first fire-engine that appeared on the spot was from Byculla under Messrs. Fox and Whiting. Soon other fire-engines from different localities came up and helped. There was no difficulty in getting sufficient water, to cope with the situation as the watermain was a very large one.

The fire originated from a projecting wooden screen behind the "B" Ward Inspector's Office near the stair-case. Immediately cattle, horses and bullock-carts were placed at a safe distance by the warders from the adjoining two stables. The hose-pipes were directed; at first, towards the screen, which was at the time completely gutted, affecting the back portion of the Inspector's Office to a certain extent. As some sparks fell on the Shed behind the "A" Ward Stables' Inspector's Office situated on the east-side, it was also subsequently attacked by flames; with the result that the task of the firemen became more difficult. This Shed contained rat-traps, buckets, a Gully Flushing-engine, three harnes, dust-bins, etc., which were completely destroyed by the fire.

The firemen took great care in stopping the flames from spreading to the adjoining shed, which was, subsequently, entirely saved from the fire. After strenuous efforts the fire was brought under control at about 4-50 p.m., but the members smouldered till late into the night.

The cause of the fire is not yet known. The damage to the stables is estimated at Rs. 15,000. The property is, we understand, not insured.

Sir Alfred Pickford, Chief Commissioner for India and Commissioner for Overseas Scouts at the Imperial Head Quarters has returned to India by the S.S. "Caledonia" bringing with him a message from the Chief Scout:—

BOMBAY PRESIDENCEY WOMEN'S COUNCIL

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The annual meeting of the Bombay Presidency Women's Council was held on Thursday evening at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, her Excellency Lady Lloyd presiding.

The Chairman, Lady Freeland, presented the report of the last years showing various activities of the Council.

On the motion of Lady Dorab Tata, seconded by Mrs. Sirur, the report was duly adopted. The Hon. Treasurer, Mrs. Taleyarkhan, then presented the balance-sheet which was approved. On the motion of Mrs. Thomas, seconded by Mrs. Ahmedbhoy Currimbhoy, the balance-sheet for the last year was adopted.

The following Committees was then appointed for the ensuing year:—

Honorary Secretaries:—Rescue Home—Mrs. Taleyarkhan. Social Purity—Mrs. Gray. Red Cross—Lady Freeland. Hospital Visiting—Mrs. Curry. Employment Bureau—Mrs. Gray.

Office-bearers' Executive Committee:—President—The Hon. Lady Lloyd. Chairman—Dilshad Begam Nawab Mirza. Hon. Treasurer—Miss Captain. Members—Mrs. J. B. Petit, Mrs. M. Premchand, Dr. Miss Turkhad, Miss R. Reuben and Miss Engineer.

Central Committee:—Hindus—Mrs. M. Premchand, Mrs. S. Sirur, Dr. Miss Turkhad and Mrs. K. Premchand. Parsis—Mrs. J. B. Petit, Mrs. Cowasji Jehangir, Lady Dorab Tata and Lady Mehta. Mahomedans—Mrs. Ahmedbhoy Currimbhoy, Mrs. Aga Dedashti and Raffaat Begam. Non-Indian—Mrs. Hayward, Lady Macleou, Mrs. Baird and Mrs. Weaver. Extra Member—Miss R. Reuben.

Her Excellency then expressed her satisfaction at the work done by the Council during the last year and hoped ladies of Bombay would take more active part in the noble work of the Council during the ensuing year than in the past.

A vote of thanks to her Excellency then terminated the proceedings.

E. I. R. RLY. STRIKE.

SITUATION REMAINS UNCHANGED.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABTD, Feb. 15.

The E. I. R. strike situation at Allahabad is unchanged this morning. The European and Anglo-Indian school boys continue to give great help. Some sweepers have been imported from outside which has minimised the inconvenience.

The Secretary, B. B. and C. I. Railway Association, Abu Road, wires that Mr. Manikal Kotahri addressed a meeting of the Railwaymen there and exhorted all to work with the strict sense of honesty and discipline in the interests of the railway and the public and assured them their legitimate grievances would be considered.

GAYA LOCO: MEN "DOWN TOOLS."

(From a Correspondent.)

GAYA, Feb. 15.

Men of the Gaya Loco Department struck work after 5 p.m. on the 14th on not getting assurances within 24 hours as required striker are firm and calm.

EXTENSION OF E. I. RY. STRIKE.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 15.

A communique states:—The strike on the East Indian Railway has extended to Gaya, Asansol and Ondal on the upper districts. Later news of the strike situation on the north and the east of Allahabad shows that the traffic staff between Cawnpore and Allahabad have resumed work and some of the traffic staff between Allahabad and Mogalsarai have also returned following other centres.

WHOLE LINE JOINS EXCEPT HOWRAH

(Associated Press.)

ASANSOL, Feb. 15.

The Secretary, E. I. Rly. Indian Labour Association, Asansol, wires under date Feb. 15:—

The whole E. I. R. line, except Howrah is on strike. A mass meeting of the Railway employees, about 5,000 was held to-day under the presidentship of a labourer. At Asansole all Railway Departments struck work last night and Swami Vishwanand explained the difficulties and inconveniences which they might have to experience during the strike period. The audience unanimously declared willingness to bear all hardships and difficulties. Swamiji asked if the labourers struck work for boycotting the Prince's visit. They all in a loud voice replied "Only our Association demands should be fulfilled and nothing more." The whole yard was quite dark. Europeans, Anglo-Indians are doing all sorts of work, assisted by St. Patrick School Boys working as menials. The military is guarding all around. The *Khanshamas*, etc., are expected to strike to-morrow.

The news of the spread of the East Indian Railway strike to Gaya, Asansol and Ondal created anxiety at Howrah. The down Bombay Mail to-day was held up for some time at Ondal, the strikers interfering with signals. There was no disturbance anywhere else.

N. W. RLY. UNION.

AGENT'S REPLY UNSATISFACTORY.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Feb. 13.

The President of the N. W. Railway Union wires to-day from Lahore:—The letter of the Agent has been considered by the Executive Committee and found most disappointing and unsatisfactory, especially in respect of increase demanded. Pray, a Conciliation Board be appointed (vide Rule 4, page 12, of the Union Rule Book) before the 17th current to avoid a strike. The board to consist of three Union representatives, three Railway officials and the public. Mr. Parton, President, Telegraph Union, Mr. Hazeltine; Mr. D. Chaman Lal, General, Secretary, Trade Union Congress will represent the different Unions.

A NEW TAX

ON TRANSFER OF PROPERTIES.

CORPORATION MEETING

A meeting of the Municipal Corporation was held yesterday, Dr. K. E. Dadachanji presiding, in the absence of Sir Rasoom. The Corporation adopted the proposal for buying a tax on all transfers of properties in the city. It is expected this would bring in a revenue of about Rs. 16 lakhs into the coffers of the Corporation. Mr. J. A. Wadia warned the Corporation to economise their income as they were spending too much, without equivalent results.

The Corporation again considered the committee's report regarding a proposal to levy a tax on transfers of property in the city. It was suggested that Government should be approached with a view to amending the Municipal Act to empower the Corporation to buy such a tax on properties.

Sir D. M. Petit had moved approving and adopting the report.

Dr. Sukhia had moved an amendment that the report be simply recorded.

Mr. J. B. Boman Behram thought no protest would been raised as the landlords made huge profits out of their properties.

Mr. Gulabchand Devchand moved an amendment excluding gifts and mortgages in possession from the scope of the tax.

Mr. B. N. Motwalla seconded the amendment.

Dr. M. C. Javle supported the original proposition. He wanted a tax on transfers of shares and other securities to be levied by the Municipality.

Mr. Fry supported the original proposition *in toto*. The proposition had been moved by perhaps the largest landlord in Bombay and supported by another big landlord Mr. Gamadia and he did not see any objection to the tax being levied.

Mr. J. H. Wadia had moved an amendment that all mortgages and charitable gifts should be excluded from the taxation.

Mr. Gulabchand accepted the rider.

Mr. Wadia said they were giving very large sums to their executive in Bombay for the last few years. In England on the other hand they found the Geddes Committee had recommended a cut of £200 millions. The more money they gave to the Commissioner the more money he spends. In England the high taxation had brought great distress and he feared a similar thing would happen in India. Government had given them Rs. 12 lakhs from the cotton cess and not only had they used that sum, but they wanted more.

Dr. H. G. Viegas supported the proposition.

Dr. S. S. Batliwalla supported Mr. Gulabchand's amendment.

Mr. Gamudoin agreed that gifts should be excluded, but not the mortgages.

Mr. H. P. Mody asked the Corporation not to torture the proposition by all sorts of amendments. The sales of properties were worth Rs. 18 crores, and out of these gifts for charitable purposes were very few and he did not see any point in the amendment. Another point was that the tax should be one which could be easily collected. The main item was the item of sales of properties and the rest were of no consequence at all. He supported the proposition.

The Municipal Commissioner said they had already increased the taxation on motors and they could not again increase it. This was a self-denying ordinance to the landlords. It would decrease the land values in Bombay and would check land speculation and anything that checked that speculation was good for the city. Every act of legislation must include some hard cases, and he was the last man to deny it. He opposed the amendment that gifts should be excluded from the scope of the tax, as also mortgages. He thought the price of land had doubled and in most cases quadrupled than what it was in 1910 and the figures for the last five years gave a fair idea of the enormous increase.

Mr. J. B. Petit thought the income from the taxation was likely to shrink in the coming years and it was only proper that new and other sources of revenue should be found. He supported the amendment of Mr. Gulabchand.

Sir D. M. Petit said they had all great respect for Sir Pherozeshah, but it was a great insult to his memory to quote what he had said many years ago; they must know that circumstances had changed and to say that he would still have stuck to his old opinions was the greatest insult to his memory. The Corporation was called the landlords' Corporation, but he thought it was really a rent-payers' Corporation.

The original proposition was put to vote and carried by a large majority.

The following proposition was also carried:—

That in view of the trouble and expense that a Poll in a contested election of Municipal Councillors, even if not really contested, causes both to candidates and to the Municipality and its Executive owing to the interpretation that is put on Section 26 (2) (j) of the Municipal Act, viz., that no withdrawal by a candidate already nominated for an election can be allowed unless the candidate's intention not to contest the election is signified to the Commissioner three days before the day fixed for the Election, the President be requested to approach Government with a request that they will be pleased to undertake legislation, at a very early date, if possible with the proposed legislation for amending the Municipal Act so as to modify the constitution of the Corporation for the amendment of Section 26 (2) (j) of the Act by substituting for the word "election" the word "poll" in the 4th line of the proviso to the aforesaid Section so as to admit of nominations for the election of Councillors being withdrawn within three days before the day fixed for the Poll.

The Corporation then adjourned to Monday next.

TO SUBSCRIBERS

Subscribers and intending subscribers are requested to observe the following instructions strictly and carefully if they desire their cases to be attended to at once.

While remitting money please write your name and address legibly on the money order coupon and quote your ledger No. if an old subscriber, or write "NEW" if a new subscriber.

The period for which the subscription is meant should be mentioned.

These simple instructions would obviate much delay which is generally caused by subscribers SIGNING their names only.

It is desired that they should WRITE their full name and address on the coupon and preferably instruct as also at the same time about the remittance by a separate post card addressed to

S. K. BANERJEE,
Genl. Manager,
"The Bombay Chronicle."

DIXONS ENGINEERING WORKS

(H. I. DIXON & CO., LTD.)
Masagon Road, BOMBAY.
Established 1886. On Government List.
CONSTRUCTIONAL AND GENERAL ENGINEERS.
Iron and Brass Founders Coppersmiths, Plumbers.
SHIP REPAIRERS.
STORE SUPPLIERS.
Special attention given to enquiries from Bombay and the Mofussil for every description of Stores, Plant Machinery, Hardware, etc.
JAMES MACKINTOSH & CO.,
Secretaries and Treasurers,
17/18, Elphinstone Circle, Fort.
Office Tel. 786.
Works Tel. 2154.
Telegrams. "NOXID."

DAVER'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL BUILDING (FRONT ENTRANCE), FORT BOMBAY.
Expert preparations as for the last twenty years both personal and through post, for High Commercial Accountancy, Banking and Secretarial appointments or practice. The Senior Commercial Examinations by the London Chamber of Commerce and the Government Auditors' Diploma Examination, speciality.

INSURE

Against Fire Accident, Sickness, Burglary and Embezzlement and all Risks connected with Motor Cars, Horses, Carriages, Lifts, and Plates, Glass, with
THE
GENERAL ACCIDENT FIRE & LIFE ASSURANCE CORPORATION, LTD.
(Incorporated in Great Britain.)
13-14, CHURCH GATE STREET,
BOMBAY.
Manager for India—G. M. BOSE.

FEVER! WHY WORRY?

If you are tired of medicines and costly injections, TRY a bottle of
THE PLANTA AGUE MIXTURE.
IT HAS CURED THOUSANDS.
Can be had at Messrs. Kemp and Co., Phillips and Co., Leach and Weborny, Treacher and Co., and all chemists and druggists.
Price Rs 1
THE PLANTA DRUG MFG. CO.
9-10, Meadow Street, FORT, BOMBAY.
Tel. No. 1955.

SAFES AND LOCKS

During the last Disastrous fire in the Mu Jetha Market. Only India Safe Manufacturing Co.'s Safes remain intact.
Our Safes are being used by the following well-known firms, etc.
THE INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.
Messrs. Lawrence and Mayo, Ltd. (Simla) Messrs. S. Gahagan and Co., Messrs. Khatao Makenji and Co., Nassarwanji P. Karanj, Esqr., (Partner of Messrs. Batliwala and Karani, Share and Stock Brokers.)
Soliciting Inquiries and orders.
INDIA SAFE MANUFACTURING CO.
Show Room:—200, Shaik Memon Street Near Mulji Jetha Market.
Factory:—Jacob's Circle, Clerk Road Near Simplex Mills,
BOMBAY.

MORLE'YS.
NATURAL MERINO WOOL UNDERWEARS.
Vest all sizes, Rs. 5/12.
Pants all sizes Rs. 7/12.
A. R. DIAS & BROS.
79/81, Meadows Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
'Phone 5629.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Friday, February 17, 1922.

ALLAH-O-AKBAR!

Mr. Montagu has declared that India "will not challenge with success the most determined people in the world, who would once again answer the challenge with all the vigour and determination at its command." While we would not for the world lower the average Briton's self-esteem, we feel that Mr. Montagu's remarks are worthy a little examination. The words "once again" in the sentence quoted above suggest that the most determined people in the world have formerly been challenged in precisely the circumstances in which India challenges them to-day. A hurried resume of past history recalls to mind America, Australia, South Africa, Canada, and Ireland, as possible past challengers of the most determined people in the world. The first-named and the last most certainly flung down the gage of defiance. The others had, perhaps, no occasion to do so as the most determined people in the world hastened, with most surprising alacrity, to surrender to them all they desired and more for reasons which will be apparent when we recall the emphatic lesson which America taught the most determined people in the world. And Ireland very recently challenged these most awesomely determined people who, with the trouncing America gave them, less vivid in memory than of yore, strove once again to live up to the title which Lord North probably conferred upon them and which Sir Hamar Greenwood, Mr. Lloyd George and now Mr. Montagu have revived. To-day, the most determined people in the world have given Ireland the freedom to gain which Ireland even descended to intrigue with Germany. Very determined indeed are the English—up to a point. That point reached they will fawn upon those who challenged their obstinacy and win by conciliation what they could not keep by force of arms. Mr. Montagu's statement comes as an encouraging bit of badinage to us in India. For it were quibbling to deny that India has most emphatically challenged the right of the most determined of alien peoples to hold the land in fee. "Given goodwill," said Mr. Montagu, "no rights would be denied India by the British Parliament." What greater exhibition of goodwill could Mr. Montagu desire than the Bardoli decision? A politician who was a patriot first and a prophet of goodwill by way of afterthought, would not have hesitated to proceed with Civil Disobedience even though he knew that bloodshed might well follow. There is not a statesman in Europe—nay in all the world—to-day who would have postponed Civil Disobedience had he been in Mahatma Gandhi's place. His smaller mind would have seen this half-truth only—that bloodshed must needs advance India's cause if only by the road of awakening the world and the British people (by the sheer horror of it) to the facts of the situation in India. A smaller soul would have deemed that the end justified the means,—that the sacrifice of blood was expedient,—and would have applied the balm of precedent to his conscience—the precedent of every subject nation which has won freedom through the death of thousands. But Mahatma Gandhi is as a prophet of old in his wisdom. He knows that what all the religions of the world teach is right—only the teaching has never been completely applied. He desires that India shall teach the world the greatest lesson of all time—that consistent Right must prevail far more surely than Right which calls on Wrong for aid. Not that a resort to arms is wrong when a people have no other. Not that honest anger under oppression is a sin. But both are imperfections. There is a great part of the Truth in both but not the whole Truth. The world deems George Washington and De Valera great and good men and splendid patriots. Many in the world deem Lenin and Trotsky the same. On these the imperfect way to Freedom was forced—the way of honest anger and of bloodshed. But on Mahatma Gandhi and India lies no such compulsion. We cannot but believe that the great God has so adjusted those modern circumstances called "economic conditions" as to allow India, alone of all the nations of the earth, to prove to a distracted world that God is its Ruler and that God's Law must prevail. For, we in India are so strong in our position. We are unassailable if only we preserve faith in non-violent non-co-operation. We are most utterly invincible. Poor Turkey and Ghazi Mustafa Kemal were far less fortunately situated than we. It was God's will that for them lay no recourse but to the sword. It was God's will so to dispose modern economic circumstances and the acts of predatory and lying nations that non-violent non-co-operation was not possible in Turkey of to-day. But India is in far different case. And so we challenge the most determined people in the world to a conflict such as they never waged against Ireland or America—a conflict in which our weapons are far more terribly potent than the mere firearms and man-made tools which defeated them in Ireland and America. Can we wonder that their representatives hesitate to join battle against what has been most clearly demonstrated to them as God's Truth? Verily this is a Jehad such as was never waged before—a Jehad in which True Believers, banishing Hate from their hearts as they banish swords from their hands, go forth to battle crying *"Allah-o-Akbar!"* Is the determination of the most determined people in the world stronger than God's Will? We cry *"Allah-o-Akbar"* and as true believers we must prove this Truth to a scoffing Western world. And how shall this demonstration be made so that the world for all time henceforth may remember and believe? Many a Jehad has been waged with the sword in the past. When the true believers prevailed did those they defeated realise that their defeat testified to the truth of our war-cry? Not so! They attributed our victories to our weapons, to our strategic positions, to our valour, to their cowardice, to the cleverness of our generals, to the mistakes of theirs. Never did they attribute our success to the One God in Whose Name we fought. They departed crestfallen but blind to the Truth which says *"Allah-o-Akbar."* They departed to repair and improve their weapons, to school their generals and drill their armies—and to return again to the Crusade deeming that this time worldly Might and not God would be greatest. But in this Jehad they will be defeated by no weapons save the Truth which is Love. True believers, who maintain in the teeth of all the West's armies, that God is Greatest, will meet them unarmed without generals and with no weapons. They may do as God wills them to act to their woe. For we are in the field to prove that God is Greatest. And whatever they may do with their material weapons and might, the most determined people in the world cannot kill the simple unarmed Truth. It remains for us to discipline ourselves for the Jehad—not with manoeuvring, not with marching and countermarching and the clash of weapon on weapon in practice for shedding blood. Our training must be of the soul and of the heart. We must steel these to all fear, to all weak emotions of anger or of indignation. And we must learn to love our opponents as our brothers. Then, when they have vainly expended their force and we are victors, they will admit for the first time in the world's history that God is Greatest, and this Great Truth will be accepted of all the nations till the world becomes the Kingdom of God with His Law the only Law. So this must be our reply to Mr. Montagu's warning against challenging the most determined people in the world. Hindu and Christian, Zoroastrian and Muslim, India's Nationalists maintain that God is Greatest.

But we fear we have devoted too much attention to a cursory remark by Mr. Montagu. Let our excuse be that we would rather deal with main issues than squabble over petty ones. The main issue is not what produced unrest in India, nor yet whether Mahatma Gandhi should, or should not, be arrested. The future of the Indian Civil Service does not enter into the question at all, since that future must needs shape itself to the new India of *Swaraj* which the nation has determined to bring about. Still less concern have we with arguments as to whether the new Councils have proved successful or a failure, since the people's will having been declared for immediate complete *Swaraj*, we cannot be drawn into a useless debate as to whether *Swaraj* may or may not be attained by the far more lengthy and tortuous way of the Reforms. So we will dismiss Mr. Montagu's further observations with the affirmation that while India has not declared her intention to separate herself from the Empire and while Mr. Montagu assures us of Parliament's sympathy, the honesty of the latter assurance can only be proved by Parliament's actions with which, however, we have no concern. Whether Parliament decides to "grant" India a *Swaraj*—which will be India's for the taking the moment the masses have been schooled to the Congress faith and policy,—concerns Nationalist India not at all. Let us, therefore, turn to a consideration of Mr. Lloyd George's remarks in winding up the debate. He also avoided the main issue by fumbling about with wild guesses at the genesis of the present situation and with vague threats. "The story of India was the story of China and Japan" said Mr. Lloyd George. Let him then be logical and realize that India must be free as Japan is free. The Premier's statement was the usual rigmarole of half-truths which are worse than downright lies. Thus we notice a reference to England having been "forced to fight the greatest Islamic Power in the world." The truth was that Great Britain had forced the greatest Islamic Power in the world to fight her by reason of Britain's alliance with Russia, the enemy of Turkey, and by reason of Britain's policy which threw Turkey into the arms of Germany in order to save the Turks' mere existence as an independent nation. As for the Premier's assertion that Britain must continue to hold the balance between Muslim and Hindu—Mahatma Gandhi has relieved Britain of this "responsibility." Hindus as well as Muslims will insist on a Turkish Treaty that will satisfy the Khilafat claims. In one respect only was Mr. Lloyd George at all correct in his estimate of the position. "He warned the members," we are told, "that debates in the House of Commons had a repercussion in India, etc., etc." But he followed this with a half-threat that, if India did not behave, Great Britain would take away the toy of the Reforms with which India should settle down and amuse herself. India does not want the bauble She has already rejected it with indignation, so Britain may withdraw the Reforms if she so desires. India wants *Swaraj* and intends to have it. Of course the inevitable reference to the Moplah outbreak figured in the Premier's remarks. Mr. Lloyd George is a great man—as great as the most determined people in the world whose determination he holds in the hollow of his hand and surrenders to the opposition at the moment of every successive defeat. But, God is Greatest.

No notice, however lengthy, of the Indian Debate in Parliament were complete without reference to the Press comments thereon. The "Daily Telegraph's" observations make the best reading of the selection Reuter's agency has hastily vouchsafed us—obviously with the object of terrifying poor little India by showing her how angry the British people can be—on paper. Mahatma Gandhi, has, it appears, "forfeited the respect formerly entertained for him"—presumably by the "Daily Telegraph." But the Mahatma still lives. Indeed, the Mahatma is foolish enough to prefer having been true to his conscience and to his cause, to the alternative of acting like a hypocrite and retaining the "Daily Telegraph's" respect. The veneration of India's millions is all the respect the Mahatma needs to ensure his success in his work for *Swaraj*. Reuter, we notice, says that the "Daily Telegraph" has trounced the Mahatma. If the extract cabled to India be a fair sample of the trouncing, we are not surprised that the Mahatma is not even aware that he has been hit. The paper also urges Mr. Montagu to accept any challenge issued to the Empire. Are we to understand that this advice extends to India's challenge of *"Allah-o-Akbar"*? The London "Times" says if the Government of India hesitates further, Indians will be given the impression that the Government is afraid to act. Quite so! And, what is more, Indians will quite understand that any sane Government must needs be afraid to challenge the supremacy of the Truth—which is God. Mr. Montagu, says the "Times", must give place to "a statesman of stronger fibre." We have heard of that "stronger fibre" before and for answer we need only refer the "Times" to the title of this article. The "Daily News", also, we are told, "adopts a firm tone"—but a truce to an analysis that is wearisome to us and to our readers. As India understands it, the issue is just a simple one between Right armed at *all* points with righteousness and Might armed with weapons a great deal less potent. Here is a great nation which declares its will to be free. Opposed to it are alien statesmen and capitalists who desire to postpone the day of freedom lest their prestige and their pockets suffer. A united nation has pledged itself to win freedom by methods of sheer righteousness such as God loves best. The nation has merely to boycott the statesmen, the capitalists and their toadies for a complete victory to be won. There is only one possible danger of defeat. It is that the opposition by oppression may provoke anger and disorder. India is now concentrating on eliminating that possibility and, the task completed, she will step forth a free nation without striking a blow for freedom. *"Allah-o-Akbar!"*

Notes of the Day.

Turkey's Friends!

While India's Muslims are duly thankful for small mercies we are afraid M. Leygues' remarks at a banquet in honour of Marshal Lyautey will not elevate them unduly. For the French ex-Premier is most suspiciously anxious that Turkey shall enter a path of reforms "under the advice of France." We propose shortly to deal with the question of Turkey's European "advisors" who are remarkably prone to drop the role of guide, philosopher and friend at short notice in order to play the part of bully. Russia of the Tsars posed as Turkey's advisor in the matter of the Armenians and confused the part with that of a dictator. Britain in Constantinople to-day has been advising the Turkish Parliament out of existence. Turkey is quite prepared to follow the path of reform—indeed it has only been the intrigues of European embassies against the Young Turk reformers which before the war prevented Turkey from so reforming herself that the Great Powers would have no further excuse for interference in Turkish affairs—this degree of reformation being exactly what the Powers feared most. As for Turkey having done wrong in the past—she has been far more sinned against than sinning and there are several nations of Europe now casting covetous eyes on Turkish territories or industrial and mineral "concessions" who should wear the sackcloth before Turkey. Incidentally, Turkey dreads the Franco-British co-operation in settling her affairs for which Mr. Leygues pleads until Britain shows herself a great deal more honest of intention. However it is comforting to learn that France holds by the doctrine of "a free Khalifa in a free Constantinople." The title Khalifa is something more than a word. It implies temporal power over certain territories. Without this temporal power the Khalifa is not the Khalifa as Islam understands the position.

The Bardoli Decision.

Some of our Maharashtra contemporaries seem disposed to criticise Mahatma Gandhi for the decision of the Working Committee of the Congress to suspend mass civil disobedience. While deploring and condemning the violent deeds that were perpetrated at Chauri Chaura, our contemporaries contend that isolated incidents of this type can have no bearing on and should not make the nation deviate from pursuing the struggle in which it is engaged. They argue that manifestations of violence such as have occurred at Chauri Chaura, Bombay, Malegaon, Madras and so on, were bound to occur in the existing circumstances and if at every such manifestation the struggle is suspended, the nation will never be able to make any appreciable progress towards the goal it has set in view. The ideal of non-violent atmosphere which Mahatma Gandhi has in view is, in the opinion of these journals, impossible of attainment, for as long as society is constituted as at present and as long as evil is co-existent with good in humanity, violence in one shape or other is bound to manifest itself on occasions in spite of all the safeguards that can be devised by the human brain. Hence, our contemporaries conclude, if the Mahatma really hopes to see all the 315 millions of his countrymen and countrywomen, severally and corporately, attain a perfectly non-violent frame of mind, he is, to put it mildly, striving after the humanly impossible. But, if the Mahatma is not so deluded as to entertain any such childish hopes, the sooner he admits the possibility of carrying on the struggle in the face of such stray manifestations of violence as have occurred at Chauri Chaura and Bombay, the better, they contend, for the success of the struggle.

Mahatmaji Criticised.

While recognising that the problem now facing the nation in consequence of the suspension of the aggressive part of the programme, is one full of tremendous difficulties, we submit that our contemporaries are doing a two-fold injustice to Mahatma Gandhi. It is, firstly, unfair to saddle him with the *entire* responsibility for the suspension of the Bardoli programme. Secondly, it is not true that he views all manifestations of violence in the same light. Our contemporaries must be aware that besides Mahatma Gandhi several other members of the Working Committee, including the President, Hakim Ajmal Khan, are of the same opinion, namely, that mass civil disobedience must be suspended for the present. It is true that Mahatma Gandhi came to the conclusion independently of the advice of his colleagues of the Committee as well as friends like Pandit Malaviya, but how could he ignore the deliberate verdict of responsible leaders and colleagues like Hakim Ajmal Khan, Dr. Ansari and Mr. Kaujalgi, especially when that verdict coincided with his own? The two Delhi leaders strongly urged suspension. Our contemporaries know fully well that success of the Bardoli programme can be ensured only by the maintenance of perfect peace in other parts of the country while the experiment is going on. If, as the Hakimji and Dr. Ansari maintained, that there was every likelihood of people in some other parts of the country disregarding the instructions of their local Congress Committees and getting out of hand in other ways, less pleasant to contemplate, how could Mahatma Gandhi be expected to ignore such warning? Additional responsibility of the gravest character rests on his shoulders as the elected leader of the nation. Can such a leader lightly brush aside the warnings of his colleagues, who being on the spot are in a position to feel the pulse of the situation better than himself? Even the Bengal Provincial Committee, carrying on as it was doing a courageous struggle with the bureaucracy, had also strongly urged Mahatma Gandhi to postpone the Bardoli programme. Appeals for postponement had been received from other friendly quarters also. In the face of these appeals and the incontrovertible evidence that Mahatma Gandhi has received that the conditions laid down for enlistment of volunteers were not always being faithfully observed in some parts, how can any one legitimately blame Mahatma Gandhi and Mahatma Gandhi alone for the suspension?

The Index Finger.

As regards manifestations of violence, as we have said, it is not true that Mahatma Gandhi makes no distinction whatsoever. The Chauri Chaura incident is political in complexion and as such its relation to the main movement cannot be ignored. It is, as Mahatma Gandhi has aptly characterised it, the index finger to which those engaged in the present struggle cannot afford to shut their eyes. It is not because of the Chauri Chaura incident alone that a halt has been called in the onward march, but on account of its larger significance, conveying as it does a warning of the pitfalls of a similar dangerous type lurking in the way. For, what has happened at Chauri Chaura is capable of happening in some other parts of the country on account of the laxity of truth and discipline among the volunteer organisations and consequent lack of control over the masses by the Congress organisation. In a struggle of the kind the nation is carrying on it is better to wait for the perfection of one's weapons than to carry on the struggle with insufficient and ineffective equipment.

New Municipal Constitution.

It is a matter of satisfaction to find that the selfish agitation of the reactionary coterie in the present Municipal Corporation of Bombay has not been able to arrest the hand of the Government in devising a democratic constitution for the Corporation. From the text of the Bill to amend the existing Municipal Act, which is now published, the public will see that not only is the franchise proposed to be a uniform one, but it is also to be so lowered as to qualify all who pay a monthly rental of Rs. 10 or more. The existing disqualification of women from being councillors is also to be removed. The strength of the new Corporation is proposed to be raised from 72 to 100, 76 of whom are to be elected by the voters, 4 to be co-opted by the elected councillors and the rest to be in part nominated by Government and in part elected by associations or bodies determined by Government. We would like to see a more liberal franchise introduced, especially in the direction of affording the working classes some voice in the administration of the city's affairs. The proposed constitution is, however, welcome as a considerable advance on the present condition of things. The life of the Corporation which will come into existence on 1st of April next is to be cut down to a year only, so that the new constitution may be introduced from 1st April 1923. It is true that the present Corporation has by a majority recorded its protest against such a curtailment and has appealed to Government to let the new Corporation carry on its existence for the prescribed period of full three years. But we hope neither the Government nor the Legislative Council will pay the least heed to such selfish counsel. The reform of the Municipal constitution is long overdue, and but for the technical difficulties which have arisen, the new constitution should have been in working order from 1st of April of this year.

A Matter for Enquiry.

We publish elsewhere a report of the Coroner's enquiry regarding the Tramway collision at Foras Road. If the facts are as stated, the conduct of the Coroner was as indefensible as it was arbitrary and the verdict cannot be allowed to stand. We trust the judicial authorities concerned will take prompt notice of the enquiry and see that its defect are immediately remedied.

MAHATMAJI'S FAST.

NOT FEELING IT AT ALL.

Numerous enquiries have poured into this office since Tuesday regarding Mahatma Gandhi's health. In a letter to Mr. Brelvi, dated Wednesday, the Mahatma writes:—

"I appreciate the affection underlying your telegram. I could not break the fast in the middle of it, a fast that was so solemnly undertaken, but I assure you that I am not feeling it at all. All my activities are going on just as usual, and by providing me with shorthand assistance Mr. Bomanji has just at the proper moment made my way so easy."

"GANDHI IMPRISONED MORE POWERFUL THAN GANDHI FREE."

SIR J. REES' WARNING.

NEW WINES IN OLD BOTTLE.

THE PREMIER'S HALF-THREAT

PRESS CAMPAIGN AGAINST MR. MONTAGU.

"A ROUND TABLE CONFERENCE."

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Feb. 15.
Recd. 8-30 a.m. Feb. 16.

Mr. Montagu deplored the feeling that officials in India were not sure of the support of Government, and expressed the opinion that it was based on misrepresentation and misapprehension. He assured the House that not only Local Governments but the Government of India and the Imperial Government protected and supported officers in the discharge of their duties. We owed the Indian Civil Service a reward for the loyalty with which they had helped to make the Reforms a success, and Government intended to discharge the obligation of protecting them in discharge of their duties and to do everything it could to support them, but it could not be contendede that whatever a public servant in India did, however much we might think the particular action prejudicial to the interest of the Government of India, Government should be debarred from expressing an adverse opinion. Because censure had been expressed in very rare cases there had been a deliberate attempt to get the Service in India to believe that they were not being supported by Government. He assured the House that the charge was unfounded. Mr. Montagu mentioned that it was at his suggestion that Sir William Vincent pointed out in the Legislative Assembly the prejudicial effects of the abuse of the Service.

"INDISPENSABLE I.C.S."

With regard to Sir W. Joynson-Hick's remarks about the Indian Civil Service candidates, Mr. Montagu pointed out that 114 admirable English candidates were got by selection, and there was no reason at present to believe that sufficient recruits were not coming forward If they should be insufficient, both Governments would give the most careful attention to the question of recruiting for that indispensable Indian Service.

Dealing with the policy, Mr. Montagu said he wanted to say to India that our policy was the maintenance of the integrity of the British Empire, coupled with the grant of opportunity for the development to full self-Government within the Empire. He would say something about the conditions of that policy because he did not think it was at present sufficiently understood in India. He did not think there would ever be any question of going back on the policy announced in 1917 but the Parliament would not be justified at present in thinking of extending the scope of that policy. He emphasised that further steps towards self-government depended upon the Parliament's becoming satisfied with the use made of the first instalment. Government desired, if the matter went well, that eventually further steps should be taken, but Parliament had decided that if the matter did not go well no further steps should be taken, and he believed that as far as the House of Commons were concerned that criterion would not be departed from.

ESSENTIALS OF SELF-GOVERNMENT.

To win Self-Government, under the supreme and continuing authority of the King-Emperor, Indians must show collectively their readiness for what was involved in Self-Government, namely, the creation of politically educated electorate, the safeguarding and toleration of the opposing views, protection of the rights of minorities, taking risks inherent in the art of Government, and maintaining order, by whatever steps might be necessary, against any challenge.

No useful purpose would be served by minimising the great difficulties. No human being could say for certain what eventual form of Self-Government would be. It was unnecessary to contemplate that Indian genius would wish to accept every self-governing institution we possessed. The size of units of Self-Government, whether existing provinces or other provinces, could not be determined at present.

All those things would solve themselves in future, but at present the absolutely essential condition for any future, progress was the successful working of the first instalment that Parliament had given.

BRITAIN'S GUIDANCE NECESSARY.

At that very serious moment, he wanted to say to India that he did not believe that the British Parliament would even jeopardise the opportunity promised to India of working to Self-Government within the Empire. Indians in their thinking moments would be the first to recognise that it was with the British enterprise and energy that the present Indian Empire was built up, and that it was under the British guidance and with the British help that their future would be achieved. He did not believe that for our sake as well as that of India this Parliament would ever jeopardise the existence of either.

He proceeded to utter a warning already cabled with regard to separatist tendencies, and the answer which would be made to the challenge and concluded:—On the other hand, if India will believe, as she ought to believe, in our good faith, if she will accept the offer made to her by the British Parliament, then she will find the British Empire, for which so many Indians and Englishmen have so recently died and which is at present saving the world, will give her liberty not licence, freedom not anarchy, progress not stampede, peace and fulfilment of the best destinies future can possibly offer. (Loud Ministerial cheers).

Rt. Hon. Acland supported Mr. Montagu's policy.

Major-General Sir Charles Townshend declared that the situation in India was doubtless very grave, but it could be settled immediately if the Imperial Government issued a communique stating that it meant to stand by the Government of India in enforcing law and order.

SIR J. REES' OPPOSES AMENDMENT.

Sir John Rees strongly opposed the amendment. He declared that the thoroughly unsatisfactory situation in India was in no way due to individual action of Mr. Montagu but to the policy of Government towards the Turks and Mohammedans. He suggested that Mr. Gandhi imprisoned might be more powerful than Gandhi free.

Sir Charles Yate declared that the Moplah trouble was solely due to Government and Mr. Montagu for breaking General Dyer and punishing Sir Michael O'Dwyer.

PREMIER ON CAUSES OF UNREST.

Winding up the debate, Mr. Lloyd George said that there was much in the state of India that justified grave concern, but he deprecated alarm. The situation was well within the compass of our strength without adding to our burdens but, there was no doubt that it was the situation which demanded examination by the Imperial Parliament as well as by the Imperial Government. Unrest in India, however, did not begin two years ago, and it was idle to attribute the unrest to something which had occurred since Mr. Montagu assumed the reins of office.

"NEW WINE IN OLD BOTTLES."

Dealing with the causes of unrest, he referred to the education of Indians in English Universities and said it was putting new wine into old bottles. Those bottles burst and intoxication swept over the East. The story of India was the story of Japan and of China. It was inevitable when chemicals of the East were mixed with those of West. Sooner or later an explosion would be produced.

Continuing, Mr. Lloyd George said that undoubtedly the war had accentuated unrest. It shook up the whole world. One of the most unfortunate facts of the war, from the point of view of India, was that we had been forced into fighting the greatest Islamic Power in world. That was an undoubted triumph for German doplomacy. It would be an enormous advantage if peace could be made with Turkey.

He hoped it would be possible to take up that matter again shortly, but it must be a just peace not influenced by unjust concessions to fear. The strength of British rule in India lay in fearlessly holding the balance between Mahommedans and Hindus and other religions. That principle must apply to the settlement of the Turkish treaty otherwise more harm than good would result.

ECONOMIC DEPRESSION.

Referring to economic depression as being among the causes of unrest, he said that universal remedy was the establishment of peace and the reconstruction of trade throughout the world. That was the reason why India had been invited to send a representative to the Genoa Conference. The Premier advised members to peruse the Report of the Indian Railways Committee which showed that there was enough to account for a good deal of Indian trouble. The development of India was retarded because of the lack of railway stock and congestion on railways. That affected employment and the peasants' lot. Something ought to be done in that direction.

He warned members that debates in the House of Commons had great repercussion in India and anything which might lead Indians to believe that we were going to break faith would have the most disastrous effects upon the friends of British rule. It was, therefore, important that we should make it clear that we meant to give the Reofrm Act a chance to succeed, and failure must not be attributable to our default. Educated classes in India must be given the best opportunity of making that experiment a success, and further reforms must await the result of experiment. (Cheers).

DANGEROUS DOCTRINES.

Those who imagined that in India they could precipitate events and develop quickly what took centuries to develop in Britain were guilty of propounding dangerous doctrines. They would mislead Indians to ruin.

The authority of Government must be maintained and unchallenged. India owed much to the substitution of law for lawless force The Imperial Government welcomed the Viceroy's declaration that Civil Disobedience was fraught with danger to the State and must be met sternly and severely. The Imperial Government's position had never varied. They would support the Government of India in any action for the establishment of authority. Every demand to Indians so couched

NO GIVING UP OF INDIA.

The Premier described as the most mischievous propaganda in India and here, that we meant to give up India. (Cheers). That idea was reported to permeate the Indian Civil Service. He declared emphatically that the Imperial Government wished to make it clear that in no circumstances was it proposed to withdraw or impair the full sovereignty of the King-Emperor. (Cheers). Agitators did not demand that, but it would be the ultimate effect of their proposals. We could not divest ourselves of the great trust we had accepted in India without shame and dishonour. He asked what would be left if we departed? Would Mr. Gandhi govern and protect, from inevitable pillage and ruin, even one million Indians? We had only to see what happened in the Moplah rising, even with British authority there. India could not be treated as one people. The only unity created in India had been by British Rule, and the effect of her withdrawal would be chaos, confusion, and desolation, indescribable. It was right that that should be brought home in India as well as here."

LAHORE TRIALS.

LALAJI'S CASE POSTPONED.

MR. AGHA MOHD SAFDAR'S CASE TAKEN UP.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Feb. 16.

The case against Lala Lajpatrai was taken up to-day before Mr. Harris, Additional Magistrate, Lahore, when Mr. Herbert, Government Advocate, asked for adjournment till Monday as he had to make a petition to remedy a mistake which, he said, had crept in the Crown case. The case was accordingly postponed.

In the jail before the same Magistrate, the case against Mr. Agha Mahomed Safdar, non-cooperating Barrister and President of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee, was taken up and some witnesses including Mr. Ramprasad, Editor, "Bande Mataram", now under trial prisoner, as to a message purporting from the accused which appeared in local newspapers.

CRY OF JUNKER PRESS.

FOR MAHATMAJI'S ARREST.

AND SEPARATION OF READING-MONTAGU COMBINATION;

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, Feb. 15.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., Feb. 16.

Both the Imperial Government and the Government of India are severely criticised by many influential morning papers for the pass to which they have allowed the situation in India to come to. The basis of rumours of Mr. Gandhi's arrest, which were widely current a few days ago, has been brought to light by Mr. Montagu's revelation, and the cancellation of decision at the last moment is the subject of strong comment.

"MR. GANDHI HAS FORFEITED RESPECT."

The "Daily Telegraph" considers that the Government of India's vacillation and uncertainty have perilously compromised the British position in India, and, therefore, throughout the East. The paper says that this must be restored by a change in the spirit of administration and the ending of the course of tolerance and indecision. It proceeds to trounce Mr. Gandhi, who, it says, has forfeited the respect formerly entertained for him. It regards suspension of his arrest as being in line with the record of indecision hitherto, and declares that there has been enough of the policy of attempting to conciliate the so-called leaders. The paper ties Mr. Montagu down to the redemption of the pledge that any challenge issued to the Empire in India will be accepted.

"SEPARATE READING —MONTAGU COMBINATION."

"The Times" also attacks what it regards as the Government of India's unpardonable weakness in not carrying out its intention to arrest Mr. Gandhi "despite his sham retraction." It declares, without hesitation, that peaceable conditions can never be restored in India while he is free to range through the country at will. Lord Reading must grasp the nettle. If the Viceroy hesitates further, Indians will be confirmed in the belief that the Government of India is afraid to act. The paper insists that India must be governed by acts as well as words, lest the worse befall. It concludes:—After a trial lasting many months it has become obvious that combination of Lord Reading and Mr. Montagu at the head of Indian affairs is not working well. There must be separation. Nobody suggests that a change of Viceroy is necessary. The alternative is to appoint a new head of the India Office, preferably, a statesman of stronger fibre.

THREE MAIN CONSIDERATIONS.

The "Daily News" also adopts a firm tone, and submits three main considerations. In the first place, Indians must prove their capacity and willingness to make a practical use of the reforms already made. Secondly, the British will never be intimidated to dash out of India. Thirdly, if they were so intimidated, it would be an irreparable disaster to India, in the present stage or her political and economic evolution.

ROUND TABLE CONFERENCE NECESSARY.

The paper hopes that Lord Reading will arrange a Round Table Conference as a sequel to the suspension of Gandhi's arrest.

The "Morning Post" is most displeased at the result of the debate, and accuses the Imperial Government of lacking the necessary qualities to handle the position.

A more friendly attitude is adopted by the "Westminster Gazette" and the "Daily Chronicle" which consider the suspention of Mr. Gandhi's arrest justifiable. The former points out that Gandhism would be the first victim if such a thing as the British withdrawal from India were even contemplated.

IRELAND.

GRAVE SITUATION.

MOST CRITICAL IN LIVING MEMORY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 15.
Recd. 8-30 a.m., Feb. 16.

The gravity of the Irish situation was indicated by Lord Birkenhead in the House of Lords. He said that within the next few weeks we should be going through the most critical period, probably, in living memory, and he did not know if we should get through them successfully.

COMMISSIONS TO GO TO BORDER.

SIR J. CRAIG AND MR. COLLINS AGREE.

50 ULSTERMEN RELEASED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Feb. 15.
Recd. 0-30 p.m. Feb. 16.

In the House of Commons today, Mr. Churchill announced that Mr. Michael Collins, who arrived in London today, had obtained release of fifteen kidnapped Ulstermen and hoped that more would be set free today. Sir J. Craig and Mr. Collins had agreed to Mr. Churchill's suggestion to appoint impartial commissions to proceed to the border, ascertain facts, and keep in touch with each other with a view to allaying very great reciprocal apprehension.

LATER.

The evacuation of British troops from South Ireland has been resumed.

PERSONNEL OF BORDER COMMISSIONS

MR. CHURCHILL'S APPEAL TO BOTH PARTIES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

In the course of his statement in the House of Commons on the appointment of Commissions to proceed to the Ulster border, Mr. Churchill said that every commission would consist of several British officers and officers of the forces of both sides. With regard to Belfast he had received a communication from the Provisional Government stating that persons in Belfast had complained to them with regard to shootings and bomb outrages. He had also received a message from Sir James Craig who attributed the fighting in Belfast yesterday to the murder of a leading Orange official and who declared that until the kidnapped men were returned unharmed he feared that the prevailing intense bitterness would be difficult to allay.

Mr. Churchill strongly appealed to anyone who had any influence on either side to help to allay his inhuman and unchristian situation. He trusted that if the kidnapped men were released, the north Irish Government would release the prisoners whose continued detention although no serious crime was alleged against them was undoubtedly one cause of the trouble.

CULMINATING DISORDER IN BELFAST

CROWD CHARGED WITH BAYONET

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 15.
Recd. 11-30 p.m., Feb. 16.

The continued disorders in Belfast culminated to-day in a bayonet charge by troops after a crowd had refused to disperse. One civilian was seriously wounded. The deathroll since Saturday is thirty-two killed whilst over one hundred people have been injured. Two of the kidnapped Ulstermen have returned to their homes.

INDIA IN PARLIAMENT.

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEE APPOINTED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Feb. 15.

The House of Lords on the motion of Lord Crawford resolved to appoint a committee of eleven members of the House of Lords to join with a committee of eleven members of the House of Commons as a Standing Joint Committee on Indian affairs.

I. C. S. & PROPORTIONATE PENSIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Replying in the House of Commons to Sir J. D. Rees, Mr. Montagu said he was consulting the Government of India with regard to the desirability of withdrawing the porvision for retiring from Indian Services on proportionate pension which expires in 1924.

In the case brought against him by Mr. Horatio Bottomley in the King's Bench Mr. Bigland was fined because the document appealing for subscriptions contained a fresh charge against Mr. Bottomley.

"KEYSTONE OF WORLD PEACE."

SOLUTION OF ISLAMIC PROBLEM.

CEASE TURCO-GREEK WAR.

"KHALIFA MUST BE FREE."

EX-FRENCH PREMIER'S ADVICE TO BRITAIN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Feb. 15.
Recd. 11-30 a.m., Feb. 16.

Paris, Feb. 15.—The Colonial Institute, says a Havas message, gave a banquet, last night, in honour of Marshal Lyautey, French High Commissioner in Morocco, under whose administration, according to Havas Morocco is enjoying perfect peace and unexampled prosperity.

The former Premier, M. Leygues, who occupied the chair, delivered a speech in which he stated that France would remain true to her traditional policy in Islamic countries. The solution of the Islamic problem lay in Franco-British co-operation which was the keystone of world peace.

France and Britain must act together towards the cessation of the Turco-Greek war and seek the means of reconciling the belligerents in conflicting interests.

TURKEY'S DESTINY.

Turkey was yet to play an important part, provided that she resolutely entered the path of reforms under the advice of her true friends who were notably France's, and provided that she gave ethnical minorities full protection.

In conclusion, M. Leygues said that Turkey did wrong in the past, but peace having been re-established, she, like other nations, was entitled to independence and sovereignty. The Khalifa must be free in free Constantinople.

BOTTOMLEY-REUBEN DISPUTE

ALLEGED CONTEMPTS OF COURTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 15.
Recd. 0-30 p.m. Feb. 16.

Mr. Horatio Bottombley and Mr. Reuben Bigland have both applied to the King's Bench to have the other committed for contempt of Court. Mr. Bottomley for the articles in the Sunday newspaper which Mr. Bigland contended constituted prejudice to Mr. Bigland in the trial at the Shropshire Assizes; and Mr. Bigland for the circulation of letters asking for subscriptions for his defence fund in the same trial.

Mr. Bottomley has been fined a hundred pounds and Mr. Bigland ten. Each are paying the costs.

SEQUEL TO EQUITABLE INSURANCE CO.'S WINDING-UP

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 15.
Recd. 0-30 p.m. Feb. 16.

Consequent upon the Equitable Insurance Company winding up, as cabled yesterday, the Equitable Associated Company which was formed in July, under the former's auspices, is putting in a petition to do the same.

Similar petitions have been presented by the Greater Britain Insurance Corporation and the City of London Insurance Company.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 14.
Recd. 0-30 p.m. Feb. 16.

On the Stock Exchange, to-day a feature was the demand for high class investments, notably the Colonial new issues. It is generally expected that the Bank Rate will be reduced this week. The six per cent. second issue of the Union of South African loan issued at 90¼ did business to-day up to 100 7/8ths. The six-per-cent Kenya loan has done up to 104.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL RESULTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 15.
Recd. 8-30 a.m. Feb. 16.

FOOTBAL RESULTS.

Scottish League:—
St. Mirren 0 Celtic 2.
Scottish cup.—Second Round replays:—
Queens Park 1 Aberdeen 2.
Clydebank 1 Morton 3.
Alloa 1 Vale of Leven 0.

PRINCE OF WALES.

VISIT TO AMRITSAR ABANDONED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Feb. 15.

A Press communique says:—His Royal Highness the Princes of Wales will not visit Amritsar.

ACQUITTAL OF MURDER CHARGE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Feb. 15.

The peon, Govindakurup, attached to Mr. Graham, Chief Secretary to Madras Government, who was placed before the High Court sessions on a charge of attempt to murder his master by blandishing a sword while Mr. Graham was sleeping, was acquitted to-day on the ground that the peon was insane and he was ordered to be placed under observation in lunatic asylum.

REAPEARANCE OF "DEMOCRAT."

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 16.

The "Democrat" which was conducted by Pandit Shamlal Nehru has made its appearance again and it is proposed to issue it as a daily shortly.

BARDOLI DECISION.

MADRAS EXHORTED TO CARRY OUT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Feb. 15.

At a largely attended public meeting held this evening, under the auspices of Congress and Khilafat Committees, Mr. S. Srinivasa Iyengar who presided and Mrs. Sarojini Naidu the principal speaker, advised the people to carry out loyally, the decisions of the Congress Working Committee arrived at Bardoli. Mrs. Naidu referred poignantly to suffering in Malabar.

Mr. C. F. Andrews also addressed the meeting urging removal of untouchability.

GUNTUR CONGRESS OFFICES SEARCHED.

SEIZURE AND REMOVAL OF RECORDS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Feb. 12.

The Secretary, Guntur District Congress Committee, wires to the "Swarajya" that the police searched the Provincial and District Congress Committee offices and seized and removed records. The search is said to be in connection with the case pending against the Secretary, Provincial Congress Committee.

WILL MR. SASTRI SUCCEED LORD SINHA.

(Associated Press.)

The "Leader's" Delhi correspondent says there is a strong rumour in the capital that Mr. Sastri will succeed Lord Sinha as Behar.

TRICHINOPOLY

ARRESTS AND CONVICTIONS

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Feb. 15.

Arrests and convictions for picketing are reported from Trichinopoly.

PRINCE UNVEILS KING EDWARD STATUE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Feb. 15.

H. R. H. the Prince of Wales unveiled at 11 o'clock this morning the All India Equestrian Statue in memory of His Grandfather, the late King Edward VII.

H. R. H. the Prince unveiling the All-India King Edward Memorial Statue said, "Your Excellency, the words which I have just heard have recalled memories of my grandfather the late King Emperor. His Majesty was essentially the friend of India. He was a son of the first sovereign to bear the Imperial title. He was the first of my house to visit India and by his desire to be acquainted personally with Indian aims and aspirations to show that keen and abiding interest which we seek in the princes and the peoples of the land. I deem myself fortunate to be able to-day to take part in the unveiling of this memorial of which my father laid the tablet stone. May this statue and the beautiful gardens which surrounds it stand to remind the future generation of his reign, of his strong sense of duty, of his love of peace and of his noble endeavours to lead India forward in the path of her high destiny in the Empire.

GOVERNOR DESIGNATE OF BENGAL'S STAFF.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 14.

The Earl of Lytton, Governor designate of Bengal has appointed Mr. H. R. Wilkinson, I.C.S., as his Private Secretary. Major H. G. Vaux will temporarily act as Military Secretary.

INDIANS IN EAST AFRICA

LORD DE AMERE'S SCANDALOUS ALLEGATIONS

MR. ANDREWS' ADDRESS

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Feb. 15.

Following is the speech delivered by Mr. C. F. Andrews last evening at the Gokhale Hall at Sheriff's meeting:—

"My time can best be occupied this evening by laying before you certain facts, the most important of these I shall take from the memorandum which has been recently published under the joint signature of Lord Delamere and Mr. C. Meaneth Archer. This document is authoritative concerning the non-official European opinion in the country. It states as follows:—"The British European community now insist that the ultimate Asiatic policy of the colony must include the principles which they have for a long past maintained as essential to the development of Kenya and to the maintenance of Imperial intergrity, the principles which the convention of the Associations affirmed in June 1919 and in reaffirming in 1921 digested into the following five cardinal points (1) strictly controlled immigration at present with a view to ultimate prohibition (2) two nominated and two non-selected Indian members of the Legislative Council, (3) segregation in residential areas and where practicable in commercial areas also (4) no alienation to Asiatics of any land in the highland areas (5) full recognition of the existing Asiatics' property rights. The memorandum goes on to state as regards segregation that a people which has elevated caste into religion and carried the principle of exclusiveness to an extreme hitch can hardly be taken seriously in the objection to the segregation. The dangers of non-segregation of oriental race in the European community are mainly on sanitary and moral ground. The views of the bulk of local Indians on sanitation are worse than the primitive. From moral aspect the breaking down of the barrier of segregation will inevitably lead to the establishment of mixed schools with undesirable consequence of the English children sitting alongside the Indian children who are in all probability married and initiated into the mysteries of sex. The European of Kenya cannot agree to face dangers of such a magnitude. It may be pointed out that Professor Simpson advised on social and the sanitary grounds not only segregation of the two communities but establishment of reserves on the neutral zones between the European and the Asiatics' residential areas as a further safeguard against interemingling of the race."

The memorandum in section 17 proceeds "there is no room for doubt that the church and missionary societies take a view that the grant of right to India which would lead to her ultimate supremacy, would sound the deathknell of the native advancement." Rev. Canon Burns, one of our oldest and best known missionaries gave it as his opinion that if the proposed concession to Indians were carried into effect the progress of the native would be put back, fifty years. The medical faculty is equally emphatic Dr. Bnekitt, the senior private medical practitioner, in the Colony who was many years a medical officer in India said, "I say as a medical man that no sanitation can be carried out in face of the abominable religious customs of Indians and judging from what I myself have seen of them I say hesitatingly that they are much more degrading and debasing then anything I have seen or heard of among the natives of this country. Venerial diseases I need hardly say, in the people following such debasing religious customs is more rampant probably than anywhere else and the same may be said of the bestial sexual offence also generated by these religions." This is the document and I cannot tell you with what shame I have read these statement. Yet, this itself and no other is the indictment which the European community of East Africa brings publicaly against the Indian community in its political weakness and subjection as I have said. I have been utterly ashmed to quote the passage but facts must be faced and truth must be known. These slanders relating to Indian religion and Indian morality are not merely whispered in private circles in Kenya but are published in authoritative and responsible documents signed by leading nonofficial Europeans of the place. They are also sent on to England. Even Queen Mary has been cabled to by the European women of Kenya who have asked her to help them to protect their white children. I have not yet quoted its concluding words, as a Christian these words that I am about to quote have given me most pain of all for they mix my own Christian religion up with these abuses of another religion and these hatreds of another race. Section 19 runs as follows—"There is a wider aspect. Our concern for our homes in Kenya and for the wellbeing of the native people does not blind us to the fact that danger to the Empire and to Christianity is greater if East is permitted to penetrate Africa and trusteeship of the vast native population to be transferred to other and alien hands then gone is the dream of a series of Christian African States created and linked together by the genius of the British colonisation. Australia, New Zealand

Canada and South Africa have all closed door to Indian immigration. All have seen danger. To those on the spot the menace is apparent, to those at home in England it is vague and indefinite. To sum: is England to be marked with the stain

craving African native to Eastern rule in the young [illegible] of Christianity and Western civilisation to be supplanted by Eastern creeds and superstitious"? (signed) On behalf of the unofficial members of Legislative Council of Kenya, Lord Delemera, on behalf of the Convention of the Associateions of Kenya Mr. C. Kenneth Archer (Chairman).

The second document from which I shall quote is nearly equal in importance. It is a part of a memorial recently forwarded to the Colonial Secretary by the convention of the Associations. It contains the following "We feel that experience of the past had proved impossibility of mixing Europeans and Asiatics in one colony, that the Imperial Conference had in fact laid down the policy of segregation, between East and West by reciprocal control of immigration, that introduction of any form of eastern control in Africa is a real potential danger to the Empire. No one can say with certainty to-day that India will side with us in an inevitable struggle between East and West. The past policy of the Imperial government to attempt to forces on European communities political rights for Asiatics has failed besides creating friction with the Empire itself. It is to-day standing as a barrier to the true world policy of England in close cooperation with the United States of America for advancement of our civilisation whose significance of these passages cannot be mistaken.'

It implies that Anglo-Saxon civilisation is to dominate the world. The Anglo-Saxon race is to have the dominating world policy and the dominating world power. This is what I have called the cult of the white Empire, the religion of the white race. Everywhere in British Colonies in Africa I have found this same white Empire ideal, this same white race religion.

To me this arrogance of white race is detestable, it is unChristian, it is atheistic and it is inhuman. One object of my life for nearly twenty years have been to fight against the inhuman policy with all might and I pray to God that I may fight against it as long as I have breath in my body, tongue to speak and hand to write.

PRINCE AT A "FANCY FAIR."

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Feb. 16.

After attending the State banquet at Viceregal Lodge last night the Prince spent half an hour at the "Fancy Fair" held at the Delhi Club in aid of the Ex-services Association. The Prince went round and interested himself in the fair which was a very great success and continued till the small hours. After leaving the "Fair" the Prince went to Flagstaff-House where he attended a small dance given in his honour by the Commander-in-Chief and Lady Rawlinson and attended by a select-gathering.

At twelve noon to-day the Prince inspected a large number of pensioners.

INDIAN NEWS IN BRIEF.

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay is pleased to appoint the Town Hall, Bombay, as the place 2.45 p.m. of the 20th day of February 1922 as the time of the meeting of the next session of the Legislative Council.

* * * *

The death occurred in London of pneumonia of Mr. August Thole of Messrs. Volkart Bros., who for 30 years was a leading merchant in Karachi. He left India in 1912 to take over the London managership of the firm. (A.P.)

* * * *

Our Delhi correspondent wires:—

Death took place at Darbhhanga on Wednesday morning of Junior Dowager Maharani of Dharbanga. The Maharani was about sixty and was known for her numerous benefactions. The Hon. Maharaja of Dharbanga leaves for Dharbanga tonight to perform the funeral ceremonies.

* * * *

Mr. Attafurrahaman wires from Lucknow, under date February 14:—

"My brother, Saidurahman Kedwai, of Baraganon District, Barabanki, was sentenced by the District Magistrate, Fyzabad, to two years rigorous imprisonment under Section 5, 124A and 153A I. P. C. on the 13th February Saidurrahman was quite cheerful.

* * * *

An urgent meeting of the Dispensary Committee of the Social Service League, Bombay, held on the 12th instant, resolved that the Dispensary Committee of the Social Service League heard with deep regret the sad demise of Rao Saheb K. R. Koregoankar and that the Committee put on record its high appreciation of the great and benevolent services from time to time rendered and useful advice given by the deceased from time to time.

* * * *

After a touching carewell at Gwalior, the Prince arrived at Fatehpur Sikri on Monday morning on his way to Agra and was received by Sir Harcourt Butler and shown the ancient places. (A.P.).

* * * *

In view of situation created by the Non-co-operation movement, the Local Government have by proclamation sanctioned additional police in Yadithi village, Ramachandrapuram taluk, Godaveri District, under Section 15 of the Police Act with effect from the 15th February for six months. (A.P.).

* * * *

His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales attended a garden party on Monday evening in Diwani Khas in the Agra fort, given in his honour by the landlords of Agra.

* * * *

At a meeting of the workshop employees of the Oudh and Rohilkand railway, Lucknow, a resolution was passed thanking the Agent for sanctioning the revised scale for some grades of workers and requesting that the revision of other grades should be early considered in view of the dissatisfaction existing among the men.

* * * *

The United Provinces Police Association has passed resolutions expressing their devotion to Government condemning in the strongest terms the Dumraon Tragedy and starting a fund called The Chauri Chaura Police Martyrs' Fund to help the families of the [illegible] take steps to commemorate their memories in a suitable manner. (A.P.)

CORONER AND JURY.

GRAVE ALLEGATIONS.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—We beg to forward to you a substiantially correct report of the Proceeding in the Coroner's court on the evening of 14th instant. We were present all throughout the proceeding and are in a position to state that what is stated in the report is substantially correct. As it is a matter of great public importance and to do justice to the unfortunate widow, we shall be obliged if you will kindly insert this in your valuable Paper.

In fairness to Mr. Nariman, we may mention that he took up the case out of sympathy for the poor widow without any remuneration and sacrificing good deal of his other work.

As the jury was held at a late hour in the evening and no Press reporters were present, we have deemed it our duty to have this published.

Hoping to be excused for the trouble, Yours, etc.

PESTANJI M. MANA,
ARDESIR DKHAMBATTA,
SIRINBAI BURJORJI GUZDER
MOTHER OF THE DECEASED,
HOMI BURJORJI GUZDER.

Bombay, Feb. 16.

In the Coroner's Court before Mr. A. R. King and jury, the inquest regarding the death of a Parsee youth named Mr. Dinshaw M. Daver who died on 16th January as a result of a collision of two tram cars near Corner Grant Road was continued. Mr. V. F. Vicaji, bar-at-Law, appeared for the tram Company while Mr. Khurshed F. Nariman, pleader, appeared for the widow of deceased. The Tram Company attempted to show that the collision was the result of an accident due to a piece of stone kept by some unknown person on the point near tram Depot, as a result of which one car going towards Tardeo jumped off the rails and went over cross-line and collided with another car coming from the opposite direction in which the deceased was a passenger. Besides the deceased several other passengers and tram employees were severely injured. On the other hand it was contended on behalf of the widow that the story about the stone was an after-thought and fabrication and the collision was due to the negligence of the pointsman who forgot to readjust the rail at the points after a car had gone in the Depot, as a result of which the car going towards Tardeo went over cross-line to the other track and collided with the car on that track. Three independent witness of the locality deposed to the above fact. Mr. Nariman also complained that the Police in this case had adopted an unfair attitude and had formed an alliance with the powerful Tram Company against an unfortunate and helpless widow and almost all the witnesses first called by the Police were only Tram employees and no effort was made to get independent witnesses. Mr. Vicaji strongly repudiated this allegation and said that the independent witnesses would not come forward when Police made inquiries.

After hearing evidence and arguments on both sides the Coroner summed up and directed the jury to hold that it was an accident due to the stone and not due to any carelessness of the Company's servant Mr. Nariman, on behalf of the widow, objected and stated that the Jury should be asked to give an independent verdict and not directed only to concur with the Coroner. The Jury being questioned, some of them stated that they were not in position to state one way or the other whereas two of them maintained that they did not believe the theory about the stone. The Coroner continued to argue to bring them to his point of view and ask them to return the vedict. Mr. Nariman therefore, strongly protested and maintained that the verdict as given should be recorded and it was not proper to bring pressure on the jury.

The Coroner:—Mr. Nariman sit down. I will not allow you to interfere.

Mr. Nariman:—"Excuse me Sir, I will not sit down till my right is granted, it is my privilege to have the verdict recorded as it is given by the Jury and nobody has a right to dictate to the Jury." and some hot discussion followed when the Coroner (standing from his chair) said "Mr. Nariman if you will not sit down I will order your arrest. As Mr. Nariman continued to enter his strong protest the Coroner standing directed Inspector Mr. Power to arrest Mr. Nariman. Mr. Nariman replied that the Corner could direct his arrest if he desired but he was there to maintain his client's right and would do so under any circumstances. He was not to be cowed down by such threats. The Coroner might direct arrest if he chose it. After the breeze the Coroner took his seat and Mr. Nariman entering a strong protest also sat down. The Coroner then asked the jury to go out and consider and return a verdict. The jury after a good deal of hesitation and persuasion from the interpreter and the Court Inspecter went out and returned after about five minute's consultation.

The Interpreter asked the Foreman as to what was their verdict, when the Foreman stood up and distinctly said that in their opinion the accident was due to the neglect of the pointsman and not due to any stone and as a further reason stated that if the wheels had slipped on account of the stone, the stone would have been crushed and pounded instead of remaining in three clear pieces of slabs as they were produced in Court. The rest of the Jury being asked agreed with this verdict. But the Corner instead of recording that verdict again began to argue when Mr. Nariman again most strongly protested and said it was unfair. The Jury was asked to retire and consider and after retiring its verdict was ignored; the Coroner he contended was bound to take the unanimous verdict as it was given whether he agreed with it or not. The Coroner again asked Mr. Nariman to sit down but Mr. Nariman loudly protested and said he would not sit down till Justice was done to he client and called upon Mr. Vicaji who appeared on the other side to state if the Jury had given the adverse Verdict or not and he called upon some other gentlemen present in Court to make a note that the Cornor refused to take the considered verdict of the Jury and was acting arbitrarily and illegally. The Corner said he kew his duty and instead of recording the unanimous verdict of the Jury recorded a verdict that the death was due to a collision between two tram cars in consequence of one of the cars going on to a cross-line without mentioning any cause as to how this happened and again asked the jury if that was correct. Mr. Nariman left the Court before it was finally pronounced entering a strong protest and declaring that the matter was a very serious one, as the Coroner had refused to record a deliberate verdict of the Jury, it would not rest there. Thus the enquiry terminated at 8-30 p.m.

The Honorary Secretary of the All-India Cantonment Association wires:—

His Excellency the Viceroy has agreed to receive a deputation of the All India Cantonments Association at 12 noon of the 4th March, 1922 at Delhi in connection with the Cantonment Reform Scheme. All branch associations and leading residents in Cantonments are requested to send by wire all suggestions about the address and should nominate their representatives on the Deputation

The Prince of Wales has signified his appreciation and approval of the proposal of the Maharaja of Bind to commemorate [illegible] of Mahratta people with mysticism [illegible] other people of South Canara, [illegible] there goes forth not merely a message [illegible] India but also a prophecy to India that through disciplined strength and spirit of suffering, we shall win Swaraj for which we are longing, "I don't want," she continued, "our dedication to be only centred round ourselves. No sacrifice that begins and ends with our own lives, is great enough and that means nothing at all to me; but lives of my children and lives of those who are most intensely and intimately the flesh and blood of my soul, that I want dedicated and consecrated to the Great Mother. There is nothing more to be said but there remains everything to be done." Concluding, she said, "Friends and comrades of Karnatak, let us realize in the Gospel of Gita and be *Yogi* in Wisdom of our Action."

With the singing of National Anthem the Conference came to a close.

REFUGEES IN MALABAR.

HELP GIVEN TO ALL IN NEED.

Mr. Moideen Koya wires from Calicut, under date Feb. 13:—

The statement made in the Legislative Assembly that Moplah refugees were not given protection and help while thousands of Hindus were receiving relief from the Congress Committee is untrue. All Moplah refugees who sought the Congress help were given relief. Mr. Schamnal visited with me to the Congress camp for Moplahs at Calicut. The Congress Committee for several reasons was handicapped in administering relief in the disturbed area either to Hindus or Maplahs though now on account of improved conditions more than a thousand Moplahs living in the interior are helped by the Congress from Calicut. Moplah distress however is great and all efforts should be made to relieve the same. The Congress Commitee is waiting for cessation of martial law to carry relief into the interior. Mr. Schamanad's statement that the rebellion was started by Non-Cooperators. is unfounded.

ARREST OF ALIGARH CONGRESS COMMITTEE PRESIDENT.

(From a Correspondent.)

ALIGARH, Feb. 15.

Mr. Jagdumba Sahib, President, Town Congress Committee, Aligarh, was arrested yesterday at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The Deputy Superinteadent of Police, with two Sub-Inspectors and armed constables came to his "Swatantra Swadeshi Stores" and showed the warrant for searching his shop on suspicion of hidden arms. But the esearch proved futile. The warrant for arrest under Section 17 Criminal Law Amendment Act was then produced and the gentleman was taken away. The case will be heard on the 20th instant.

STOP RIOT CASES.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—If there are any accusations in which the accused are left to the tender mercies of the Police, they are accusations of riot and cognate ones. All that the prosecution have to show is that a particular person was at a point where a riot took place and the accused has at once the very onerous duty of proving his innocence on a very wide scale. It has got to be admitted that Mr. Frank Oliveira has shown a considerably impartial attitude. But even he cannot be said to have convicted all the accused on most conclusive evidence or after taking all possible pains for the accused. Mr. Oliveira has however, to be congratulated for writing to the High Court to quash the convictions of two accused who were convicted by him on the evidence of a perjurer who was palpably instigated. Does this incident not throw considerable suspicion on the way in which the evidence is collected and led by the police? The law has been vindicated. A number of the rioters have gone to jail. Will it not be graceful on the part of the Government to issue instructions to close the chapter and stop all further cases?—Yours, etc.

P. R. LELE,

KARNATAK CONFERENCE.

MRS. NAIDU'S CONCLUDING SPEECH.

(From our own Correspondent.)

MANGALORE, Feb. 11.

In bringing the Conference to a close, Mrs. Naidu expressed her deep sense of gratitude for all help they had given her in bringing the first Conference of the United Karnatak to so successful and harmonious a close. She had never before taken part in a conference that was so harmonious and it augured well for the future of United Karnatak that this first Conference should be a symbol a guarantee and a prophecy of that Unity, without which there could be no Swaraj for the Indian nation. To each of them had been allotted a duty in their little sphere of work but for her there was no rest, there was no home. She was going to heart-broken Malabar, from there to Madras and from there back to her own province of Bombay. But her wandering feet would find no best there, for she had a letter calling her to Gujarat where her friend and leader, Mahatma Gandhi, was preparing for the great battle of Indian deliverance. She asked them to let her bear to diverse people of India that message of Unity, Courage and Freedom, which they had sanctioned that day and promised to the nation by their deliberations and their dedication to the cause of Indian Swaraj. Last few days in their beautiful city continuing, she said, to-day at the end of the Conference she felt refreshed, almost buoyant, by strength of their spirit, by freshness of their hopes, by eagerness other desires to serve the nation through their province and she was carrying with her a message of hope for all labouring people, burdened with repression,

"Let me take to Malabar" Mrs. Naidu said: "One message of Karnatak and let me say to that heart-broken and bleeding Malabar that while there is Karnatak Province alive Malabar shall not go unavenged. Let me say to the striken people of Punjab that while there is Karnataka the Punjab shall not go friendless. Let me say to Bengal, where thousands of youths are suffering to-day joyously for the sake of freedom, that while there is one young heart that throbs to the drum-beat of Freedom in Karnatak the youths of Bengal shall not be companionless in their sacrifice and suffering. Let me take to that beloved province of mine, the United Provinces, where the Ganges and the Jumna meet, that *Sangam* of Hindu-Moslem unity, a message of Love, of Hope and of Peace and let me say to them that from United Karnataka, that combines

LEADERS IN JAIL.

BETTER TREATMENT IN FUTURE.

Haji Abdoola Horoon, President, Sind Provincial Khilafat Committee wrote the following letter on the 13th instant to the Editor of the "New Times" Karachi.

Sir,—I interviewed the Jail Superintendent and the jailor of the Karachi district jail to-day. From my talk with him I understood that the Ali Brothers and Dr. Kitchlew will no more be given solitary imprisonment and any kind of such punishment. The Superintendent asked me to send the things desired by the leaders giving me a list of some things, necessary in every day life. I shall send them. On my enquiry he also said that he had got a letter from Moazumali asking for permission to have an interview with the Ali Brothers as 4 months of their confinment would pass away on 1st of March. The Superintendent said that he was going to write to Mr. Moazamali that they are allowed to see the Ali Brothers on the 1st of March. People should observe complete patience and should not be led away by any false rumours. The leaders are happy and healthy in the jail.

Those who learn rumours of strict punishment or of any danger about the leaders, should please first come to me and enquire about the matter."

"AZAD AKALI'S" STAFF

ARRESTED AT SIKH SHRINE

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, Feb. 16.

Sardar Gopal Singh, editor of the unregistered newspaper called the "Azad Akali" and four other members of the staff of that paper have been arrested at Sikh Shrine at Lahore.

PUNJAB PROV CONGRESS COMMITTEE

REVISES LIST OF VOLUNTEERS

NEW PRESIDENT ELECTED.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, Feb. 16.

The Punjab Provincial Congress Committee have decided in accordance with the resolutions of the Working Committee to carefully revise the list of volunteers and intimated that they would march onward again as soon as perfectly non-violent atmosphere was assured.

Sardar Tharak Singh of Sialkot, President of Sirnoni Gurudwara Committee, who was recently released, has been elected President of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee.

SYED TALIB PASHA.

INTERVIEWED BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

(Associated Press.)

COLOMBO, Feb. 15.

Syed Talib Pasha who is leaving Ceylon by the Bibby Line s. s. "Gloucestershire" next week, interviewed by Associated Press to-day stated that the climate of Ceylon did not agree with him and he was going away to undergo a course of treatment at Somaggire, Northern Italy. He said he was, anxious to visit England where he hoped to see the king and was not anxious to return to Mesopotamia presently. He further said that he hoped to make a prolonged stay in Europe, touring France, Belgium and in the continent generally. He declined to express any opinion about the future of Mesopotamia but said "With the changed Government it stands reason bound to be of some trouble, but I hope in a short time all will be quiet in Mesopotamia." Syed Talib Pasha added that he did not blame Sir Percy Cox for the arrest or deportation, presumably the British Government deemed his presence in Mesopotamia undesirable. He added "Perhaps King Feisul will make a better ruler in Mesopotamia than I should have done. But, I have been always a friend of the British Government and I have always given the British Government all assistance that I could"

ARMY CLOTHING EMBEZZLEMENT CASE.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 15.

In the Army Clothing Embezzlement Case against Conductor Riley and Rakhaldas Bose, the jury has unanimously found Bose guilty of embezzlement of two items and the Chief Justice has sentenced him to two years' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 5,000 or in default one year's simple imprisonment. In respect of the first item of Rs. 8,100 three persons of the jury found him guilty and six were doubtful. The Chief Justice did not agree with this view but did not order a retrial.

The sentence on Riley who pleaded "guilty" has been deferred till the second case against him and Whalton, which comes off next Monday, is decided. He has been remanded to custody.

INDIAN DEFENCE.

IMPERIAL ASSEMBLY'S RESOLUTION

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Feb. 15.
Recd. 1 a.m., Feb. 17.

In the House of Commons to-day Colonel Yate drew attention to the resolution of the Imperial Assembly with regard to the vote on Indian Defence and asked what steps Mr. Montagu proposed to take to see that the requirements of the Indian Government on the matter were fully met. Mr. Montagu replied he was taking advice, with regard to the legal question of the construction and the provisions of the Act which the resolution of the Assembly assumed empowered the Governor-General to give effect to. He was unable to give an authoritative answer at present but anyhow government was not bound to act on the resolution. Replying to Sir William Joynson Hicks, Mr. Montagu said he had sent the dispatches to the Indian Government which should reach them at end of February and which he trusted would allay anxiety of the civil servants in India as regards ultimate security of their pensions.

INDIAN DEBATE.

WHY LABOUR MEMBERS DID NOT PARTICIPATE.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Feb. 15.
Recd. 1 a.m., Feb. 17.

The non-participation of the Labour members in the Indian debate in the House of Commons was due to the fact that when Colonel Wedgwood and Mr. Page Croft rose simultaneously after Mr. Lloyd George, Col. Wedgwood failed to catch the eye of the Speaker. This gave great umbrage to the Labour benches and when the Speaker subsequently suggested Mr. Page Croft should terminate his speech in order to enable the Labour member to speak, Mr. Walsh said that after the treatment meted out to it, the party did not propose to participate in the debate or in the division. Col. Wedgwood and most of the Labour members then withdrew.

CENSURE INFECTION IN REICHSTAG.

HERR WRITHS VICTORY.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Feb. 15.
Recd. 11-30 p.m., Feb. 16.

The Berlin Imperial Chancellor Herr Wirth and his Government have obtained a fresh lease of life as a result of the keenly awaited debate on the various censure motions relating ostensibly to the government's handling of the railway strike. The debate ended in a vote of confidence in Wirth government by 220 votes to 185, and is regarded as a setback for the industrial magnate Dr. Stinnes.

MRS. NAIDU AT MANGALORE

VERY BUSY TIME.

(From our Correspondent.)

MANGALORE, Feb. 11.

After the Karnatak Conference rose for the day, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu was invited to address the students of the Government College, who were prevented by the Education Department from attending the Conference. The College was full and Mrs. Naidu was received by thee Principal, Mr. Shastri. The students gave the distinguished visitors an enthusiastic reception. Mrs. Naidu addressed them a few words of advice.

In the evening she addressed an open air public meeting on the maidan on the subject of "volunteering and Congress Programme". The meeting was attended by over ten thousand people. In her speech Mrs. Naidu emphasised the absolute necessity for wearing handspun and handwoven clothes, volunteering, removal of untouchability and maintaining of peace.

To day, after the Conference was dissolved, she was present at a largely attended meeting of untouchables held in the *pandal*. Men, women and children attended the meeting and felt encouraged by the messages sympathy, hope and courage that Mrs. Naidu gave them.

A meeting of the ladies of this town was held in the afternoon, when again the *pandal* was crowded to overflowing with ladies of all communities, including Christian and backward classes.

Mr. Sastri, Principal, Government College, was at home in honour of Mrs. Naidu in the College grounds which presented a gay appearance. Besides students of the College, many ladies and gentlemen of the city graced the occasion.

AN ENTHUSIASTIC SEND-OFF.

Mrs. Naidu, after spending a busy day, left in the evening for Cannanore. She was given a very enthusiastic send-off at the station, such as has never been witnessed before.

To-night Mr. Kirtankesari Jayaramachar entertained the local public with "Kirtan," his theme being some episodes from the Mahabharat. The *Kirtan* lasted over three hours and was highly appreciated.

In the evening there was a public meeting in the *pandal* when several leaders of Karnatak addressed on the present situation and work before the country. Interest evinced by the public was very great and shows that Mangalore is fast waking up.

An interesting function took place at the Lady Hardinge Medical College at new Delhi on Monday when Lady Reading in the presence of a distinguished gathering unveiled a fine bronze statue of the late Lady Hardinge which was presented by His Exalted Highness the Nisam.

AUCTION SALE.

NUSSERWANJEE SORABJEE & CO.

AUCTION SALE.

Large lots of old timber, old and new canvas, plate scrap, and angle iron, old furniture, crockery, old clothes, hospital iron cots, iron chain, platform scales, old metals, such as brass, copper, gunmetal, zinc, lead, iron tanks of 400 gallons, Manilla ropes, coir iron barge, iron buoys, boats, electric wire, cabooose, racking in solations, sheets blankets, boots, serge blue, drums, ice chests, electric blower, leather sewing machines, and other stores too numerous to mention.

Under kind instructions from the Director, Royal Indian Marine, Bombay, the said stores in suitable lots will be sold by Public Auction by the undersigned in the compound of Government Dockyard, Fort, Bombay, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), on MONDAY, the 20th February, 1922, and the following days as may be necessary till their completion and thereafter at the Alexandra Docks.

The sale will be subject to the approval of the Director, Royal Indian Marine, Bombay. Purchasers will have to pay strictly fifty per cent. as earnest amount money and remove all lots within fifteen days. Further particulars will be read out at the sale No cheques will be accepted.

The undersigned will sell by Public Auction such as brass, copper, blankets, doosootie, sewing machines, etc., etc., in the compound of the Bombay Arsenal (Kala Kila) behind Town Hall, Fort, Bombay, as soon as after the above said sale is over, under kind instruction from the Officer, I/C Ordnance Depot, Bombay.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to

NUSSERWANJI SORABJI & CO.,
Govt. Auctioneers,
No. 71, Frere Road, Fort, Bombay.

MESSRS MEHTA & CO.

Government and G. I. P. Railway List.

AUCTION SALE OF A COMPLETE SET OF MACHINERY PARTS AND FITTINGS FOR HOT-AIR STUFFING MILL.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.
SUIT NO. 3852 OF 1921.

Messrs. Latham Abererombie and Co. ..... Plaintiffs
vs.
Messrs. Whitency Brothers. ..... Defendents.

Under instructions from Messrs. Crawford Bayley and Co. Attorneys for the plaintiffs and with consent of Messrs. Chitnis Kanga and Manohar Attorneys for the defendents in the above suit Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 23rd February 1922 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their rooms at 25 Medows Street, Fort the following Tennig Machines viz.

1 complete set of iron parts and fiting for Hot-Air Stuffing Mill.

For particulars and conditions of sale refer to Messrs. Crawford Bayley and Co. at their office at Ewart House Tamarind Lane Fort or to the undersigned one-fourth of the amount of purchase price will have to be deposited with the undersigned on the plant being knocked down to the purchaser and delivery to be taken on payment of the balance of the purchase price within 48 hours of the sale.

MEHTA and Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 19th Feb. 1922.

AMUSEMENTS.

SHELLAR'S ROYAL CIRCUS

LOCATION ;
GIRGAUM, CHURNI ROAD.
Late Stephen's Stable Premises
Opp. MANGALDAS MILL.

To-Night and Every-Night at 9-30 p. m.

Matinee Shows on Saturday and Sunday at 5-30 p. m.

Children under 12 years half prices in Matinee Show only.

B. G. SATHE,
Manager.

Messrs. K. D. and Brothers Present To-night for the last time a superb Paramount Artcraft Photoplay in 5 parts—6,000 feet—

"THE GRIM GAME"

Featuring the celebrated Musician and handcuff king

HOUDINI

TO-NIGHT 5-30; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 p. m. (S. T.)

Globe Cinema

(Sandhurst Road)

Commencing from To-morrow Saturday !

Messrs K. D. and Bros. will present

"The Mystery Mind"

A Unique Serial in 15 Episodes—31 parts—featuring

J. ROBERT PAULINE

at the

Globe Cinema.

(Sandhurst Road).

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR

TO-NIGHT 9-30 p. m.
MAURICE E. BANDMAN presents
THE OPTIMYSTICS
IN
OKITO
The Living descendant of Six Generations of Magic
ATTILLA
Fred Attilia presents his Sensational Escape From
THE GOLDEN CAULDRON
Members of the audience are invited to come on the Stage and fasten Attilia in the Tank of Water
He is submurged in 70 gallons and
FAILURE TO ESCAPE MEANS DEATH!!!

THE EMPIRE

TO-DAY 6-30, 8-15 & 10 p. m.
ANITA STEWART
IN
"HARRIET & THE PIPER"

THE EMPRESS

TO-DAY 6-30, 8-15 & 10 p. m.
"ADVENTURES OF TARZAN"
ELMO LINCOLN
and
LOUISE LORRAINE.
This week episodes 9, 10 and 11.
No. 9 "THE FANGS of the LION"
No. 10 "The SIMOON"
No. 11 "THE HIDDEN FOE"

EMPIRE THEATRE

NEXT WED. 22nd FEBY. AT 9-30
BOXING!
BOXING!
BOXING!
The Members of the PARSI BATTALION A. F. (I) and TERRITORIAL FORCE will give a service of fights
AT ALL WEIGHTS
with the Members of the
BOMBAY BATTALION A. F. (I)
SILVER CUPS FOR EACH WINNER.
Prices: Rs. 6 to Re. 1/-
BOOKING AT ROSE & CO.,

IMPERIAL

TO-NIGHT and 3rd WEEK
A PATHE SERIAL
This Light Could Signal to Mars—
It destroyed eve rything in its path. Plotters wanted the secret of its power. Did they get it ?
SENSATIONAL ACTION !
RARE ROMANCE !
See it !
"THE SKY RANGER"
Featuring
JUNE CAPRICE & GEORGE B. SEITZ.
Episode 6th The Crystal Prison.
" 7th Dangers Doorway
TOM SENTSCHI
IN
LA RUE of PHANTOM VALLEY
A western drama an [ninteresting characterization and a virile hero.
in 2 reels
PATHE GAZETTE
Latest News
TIME:—Daily 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p. m.
Saturday and Bank Holiday at: 5 p.m.
Sunday at: 3-30, & 5-15 p.m.
PRICE AS USUAL.
Always a Good Show.

THE "STAR"

TO-NIGHT AND THIS WEEK.
A Marvel of Science
"THE INVISIBLE RAY"
The Most Asteunding Scientific Serial Episodes 7th. THE HYPNOTIC SPELL &
" 8th. AGAINST GREAT ODDS
together with
A VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT of Music, Comic Sketch and Dances etc., by Prof. BRAYER & Madam LABEMOE and a two-reel monkey Comedy
Special arrangements for Ladies and Families in Reserved Class, Box, Balcony and Sofa seats.
4 shows daily commencing 5-15, 7, 8-45 & 10-30.
MUSIC DANCES AND VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT IN THREE SHOWS ONLY 5-15 7, & 10-30, on Saturdsy and Sunday and in 7; 8-45 and 10-30 shows Daily.
NO INCREASE IN PRICES
The "Star" Cinema
BOMBAY'S NEWEST & PRINCELY PICTURE PALACE.
Tram Terminus Grant Road.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE Majestic Cinema

GIRGAON TRAM TERMINUS.
The Kohinoor Super Production,
Bhakta Amberish
The pauranic film portraying the history of medevia India in which the elements of romance, love, intrigu of court are blended in a harmo aious manner.
BHAKTA AMBERISH
A pauranic marvel depicting the devotional path of religion which leads to realisation of true bliss
BHAKTA AMBERISH
Lovely Scenes. Dainty Dances,
Marvellous Photography.
Shows at :—5-15, 7, 8-45, and 10-30.
POPULAR PRICES.
Complimentary passes not available in 10-30 Show.

THE Alexandra Cinema.

Ballasis Road, near Byculla Club
THE LUCILLE LOVE
A Superial Serial Of Absorbing Interest
Famous
featuring
FRANCIS FORD and GRACE CUNARD.
LUCILLE LOVE
Last Installment Episodes 13, 14, 15
Shows at : 5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30.
POPULAR PRICES.

From Saturday 18th 2-21
GRAND UNIQUE
"AUCTION SALE"
FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY,
EVERY EVENING
ON THE
PRINCE OF WALES MUSEUM GROUNDS.
In specially erected Pandal.
Large and Varied stocks of fresh goods such as, Carpets; silk, woolen and Cotton Piece Goods,-Hosiery Porcelain etc., etc.
Opening in the after-Noon at 4 P.M. (S.T.)

Keep your Eye

from any trouble, Cataract, Glacoa, Iritis Corneal Ulcer, Redness, etc., by our LOTUS HONEY, SAFE remedy of Nature, 1 dram Rs. 2-8, 2 drams Rs. 4. Postage Extra. Ask for free particulars to
NEW FORMULA CO.,
Kandi, Bengal
Dep B 845

The Wonderful Astrologer

The wonderful book "The Heavens Unveiled" enables you to know your future for ten years, your longevity methods of prolonging longevity to read the full Annual life Reading and Character reading of every body, etc. It also contains God Siva's method of telling future events without horoscope or date of birth. Price Rs. 2. The premier Astrological Bureau, Chowavaram, Vizas District.

A High-Class Guaranteed
LEVER WATCH FREE.
The four lines of letters in this square stand for two boys and two girls' names. We guarantee to send you, Absolutely Free, one of our famous guaranteed Lever Watches (ladies' or gent's) if you send us the correct names; but you must comply with our condition; and promise to show the Watch to your friends, as we wish to advertise our goods. It costs you nothing to try, so send at once, with stamp for reply.
London General Supply Assoc'n.
Dept. 11, Finsbury Pavement, London, E.C.

G	J	R	A
M	T	E	B
T	K	E	A
S	O	E	N

Superior POROUS PLASTERS

Warranted of the best quality by LANMAN & KEMP Inc.
Greatly improved and in every respect a superior plaster. These excellent plasters are a great help to all who suffer with a weak spine and pains in the back or side. Those who suffer with lung trouble should always wear one of those plasters on the chest and another on the back. They produce a grateful feeling of warmth and are a valuable protection from colds.

Women

will find in them great relief from the pains in the back and loins from which they so generally suffer.

For Sale by
Messrs. B. K. PAUL & Co.
Messrs. M. R PAUL & Co.
of 1 and 3 Bonfield's Line Calcutta
Messrs Kemp & Co., Bombay
Messrs. DEY BROS.
32, Mogul Street, Rangoon.
and all Chemists in India.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra
on 10 April, 2017

"Told I was Incurable"

Our portrait is of Mrs. WHELAN, of 105, Church Street, North Shields, England, who writes:

"I have suffered for over five years with abscesses in the face and neck, and have been through two operations, but they did me little good, and I was told I was incurable. My face was in a terrible state and I often prayed to die. Then my husband wrote from his camp saying that one of his chums had been speaking to him about 'Clarke's Blood Mixture,' and told me to try it. Well, I bought a bottle, and after using it the effect was wonderful. I could see it was clearing my face, and most of the severe pain left me, so I kept on using the Mixture, and after seven weeks I am cured."

SUFFERERS from Bad Legs, Abscesses, Ulcers, Glandular Swellings, Piles, Eczema, Boils, Pimples, Eruptions, Rheumatism, Gout, should realise that lotions and ointments can but give temporary relief—to be sure of complete and lasting benefit, the blood must be thoroughly cleansed of the impure waste matter, the true cause of such troubles. 'Clarke's Blood Mixture,' quickly attacks, overcomes, and expels the impurities, that is why so many remarkable recoveries stand to its credit. Pleasant to take, and free from injurious ingredients.

Of all Dealers. Ask for and see you get

Clarke's Blood Mixture

Sole Wholesale Agents for India, Burma and Ceylon :—
Messrs. G. ATHERTON & CO., Calcutta and Rangoon.

UNVIERSAL
REAMER SET
A SET OF UTILITY !

Insures clean smooth valve seats in a moments time.

The depth of the cut is adjusted so as to give a light even cut, removing the high spots without chattering and with the least possible effort.

The reamer cannot chatter, gouge or dig in.

The cutters are high speed steel and can be touched up on an oil stone in a moments time.

Anyone can do expert work with them and you can tell by the feel when you have a perfect job.

The only scientific seat reamers made—they save time and promote efficiency.

THE SET SHOWN includes handles stem with handle, locking bar, 5-16, 3-8 and 7-16 guide stems; 1 5-8, 1 7-8, 2, 2 1-8 and 2 1-4 inch reamer blocks with high speed steel cutters ready to use.

SET packed complete in wooden box, Rs. 85-0.

THE
ADVANCE MOTOR CO.
CHOWPATI..... BOMBAY.

"Every Picture tells a Story."

Think About it, Mother!

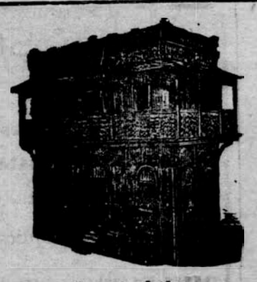
Women need to take more rest. If "grown-upe" would do as they teach—go earlier to bed—there would be much less kidney trouble about. It isn't good sense to iron and darn and sew at night, after the toil of the day. Think about it, mother!

Late hours, worry, overwork and irregular meals tend to load the blood with uric-acid, and it weakens the kidneys to have to filter such badly-poisoned blood. Those pains in the back and in the loins are probably warnings of kidney weakness which, if nothing is done, may lead to inflammation of the kidneys, renaldropsy, bladder complaints, rheumatism, gravel and stone.

Make up your mind to avoid such risks. Get more fresh air, more outdoor exercise, and more health-giving sleep.

Let Doan's Backache Kidney Pills help you in your effort to get well. Taken in time, Doan's Backache Kidney Pills may prevent the development of kidney and bladder symptoms. Thousands of grateful women owe both happiness and health to this special kidney medicine.

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are Rs. 2 per bottle; 6 for Rs. 10.8; obtainable from all dealers.



A part of the
Atank Nigrah Pharmacy
Which sends post free on being asked a book "Fun for Leisure Hours"
Head Office:—JAMNAGAR (Kathiawar)

Acason

DEAR FRIEND,

Truck operation is not a problem if you own "Acason" Trucks no matter what tonnage. In making you acquainted with the character and utility we give free advice in correct loading, care and maintenance.

Don't Fail

To See Mr. N. R. CHAVRE,
THE
Reliance Motor Works, Ltd.,
Lamington Road, BOMBAY.
Teleph : No. 4557. *Telegrams* "Remoworks"

THE OWNER FIRST

LONG DURATION

Minimum Current Consumption
Pleasant White Light
Highest Resistibility
1000 Burnig--Hours.
THEREFORE BUY
1 ONLY THESE LAMPS !

Sole Agents: for Indiа, Burma and Ceylon.

The Indian Produce & Oversea Trading Co.,

Importers & Exporters
56, Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
P. O. BOX NO. 554.
Branch Office : Hambnrg.
Can be had from STOCK at very competitive prices.
(A Few Upcountry Sub-Agencies are still open.)

The Joy of Frait Jellies.

The health-giving juice of stewed fruit combined with Corn Flour in the form of a delicious jelly is most refreshing.

When other foods make no appeal, such a dish cannot fail to tempt the flagging appetite.

Prepare as for a blancmange, using the fruit juice instead of milk.

Brown & Polson's Corn Flour
is the purest obtainable.

WATCH YOUR FAVOURITE ANIMAL
WITH
POWERFUL FRENCH and GERMAN
PRISMATIC BINOCULARS

available at:—
VALY FATCH MOHAMMED & Co.,
WATCH MARCHANTS & JWELLERS,
39/41, Abdul Rehman Street,
BOMBAY. 3

ZANGI—the latest improved fountain pen never leaks, blots or stops and never becomes unserviceable for want of repairs or spare parts. Efficient service guaranteed. Order to-day V.P.P. on 7 days approval. ZANGI Inklet, Blue, Blue Black, Red, Green or Purple 3 Doses Ans. 8. Calendar Clip, Ans. 8. All other pens repaired or exchanged. FACTORY SALES Co., No. 19, Nai Sarak, DELHI.

GENUINE 4711 ORIGINAL

EAU de COLOGNE

IN ALL SIZES
MADE IN COLOGNE, GERMANY.
PRICES MODERATE

BOMBAY PERFUMERY MART Ltd.
319, CENTURY BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

Wana-Ranee Regd.

The Perfume of Ceylon

WANA-RANEE is the latest triumph of the Perfumer's art. A scent which recalls the spice-laden breezes of its native home, fragrant with the perfume of many flowers. Sweet and lasting, its fascination will increase with use.

The Wana-Ranee series of toilet aids is most complete. They consist of Perfume, Hair Lotion, Toilet Water, Brilliantine, Dental Cream, Face Powder, Toilet Cream, Soap, Bath Crystals, Sachet and Cachous. Every article is of the best quality, and all have the delicious fragrance of the original perfume.

Of all Chemists and Bazaars.

Beware of imitations. Insist on having the original made by

J. GROSSMITH & SON
DISTILLERS OF PERFUMES NEWGATE ST LONDON

For seven years I was suffering from lever complaint. My memory was weak on account of low fever which I used to have always. I used to feel giddy while walking. Once I happened to read in news papers about the well-known **Hakeem Haji Nawab Ali Khan** and consulted with him. He gave me to understand in a very encouraging manner that I would be alright in a very few days. I asked him as to how many days he would take to cure me. He replied "in about two weeks if God wishes," I am glad to say that I was alright during that time. I regained my lost strength and vivacity of a healthy youth. I am highly obliged to the said Hakeem Saheb and recommend all those who are suffering from such Chronic disease to undergo his treatment.

S. Dadabai,
Gogha Street, Fort BOMBAY.

HAKIM HAJI NAWAB ALI KHAN.
Jhaveri Building, Near Marwadi Vidyalaya, Sandhurst Road, BOMBAY.

YES. I LIKE

ASAHI BEER

SUPPLIED BY

MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA Ltd.

SOLE AGENTS
BOMBAY.

QUALITY SUPREME

Madorina Watches

THE "HERMADE."
CHRONOMETRIC PRECISION.
Steri. Silver case from ..... Rs. 85
14 ct. gold case from ..... Rs. 155
18 ct. gold case from ..... Rs. 170
Illustrated catalogue sent free on application.

MADORINA WATCH Co. LTD. Kings Bldg. BOMBAY.

Feed your Brain and Nerves WITH

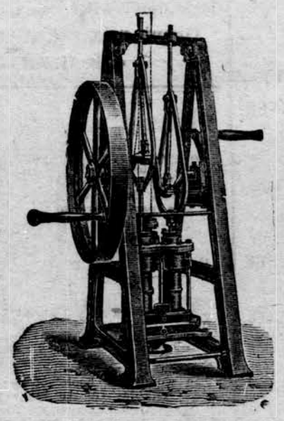
REGINUS

HEALTH STRENGTH
VITALITY REVIVED.
Price per Phial, Re. 1. Doz, Rs, 10
OUR SPECIALITIES.

ASTHMA—Dry cough with sticky phlegm hard breathing, heavy perspiration etc., are cured completely with our specific. Price per Phial, Rs, 5.

BLOOD MIXTURE—All sorts of blood poison scurvy, erruptions are cured from the system thoroughly. Bot. Rs. 3.

Ranaghat Chemical Works
RANAGHAT BENGAL
Sole Agents:
Messrs. B. G. Jack & Co.,
46-48 Medows Street,
BOMBAY.



KURWA

AND

KAJIJI

Shipchandlers, Ironmongers

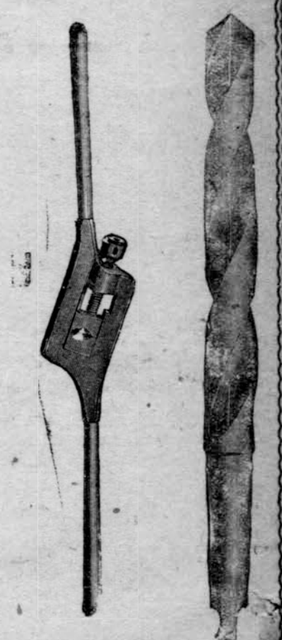
AND

Contractors.

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS
IN
Engineers' and Contractors' Tools
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Telephone No. 633 *Telegrams*—KAYENKAY

Office and Showroom
356-58, Abdul Reheman St., BOMBAY
Inquiries and Correspondence invited



GRIMAULT'S SYRUP
of Hypophosphite of Lime

FOR BRONCHITIS, STUBBORN COUGHS,

FOR CATARRH, WEAK LUNGS, CONSUMPTION

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

Fresh Stock
OF
Huntly and Palmers Biscuits, Cadbury's Chocolates, Provisions, wines, Spirits, etc.
Prices on application.

PHILLIPS & Co. LTD.,
314 Hornby Road,
BOMBAY.

To
Book Lovers,
A RARE OPPORTUNITY
Large selection of all the latest
Novels, Religious and Medical Books, &c., &c.,
OFFERED AT A MUCH REDUCED RATE.
(25% Discount)
PHILLIPS & CO., LTD.,
314, Hornby Road, Fort,
BOMBAY.

AHMED S. MOLOOBHOY

Shipchandler, Contractor and Hardware Merchant

Direct Importer under European Management of Ship Stores:

Fleul. Streel Wire Rore, Corsar Bros. Canvas, High Pressure Packings,, "Admiralty" Rubbes Streets Gun Metal Valves and Cocks a Speciality.

TRIAL ORDERS SOLICITED.

OFFICE:—27, Nagdevi Street. WAREHOUSE:—Darukhana Mazagon Telephone 2457.

Printed and published for the Indian Newspaper Co., Ltd., by SYED ABDULLAH, BRELVI, at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.